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Yields of the Field Experiments 1898



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Wheat; Broadbalk Field

Rothamsted Research

Rothamsted Research (1899) *Wheat; Broadbalk Field;* Yields Of The Field Experiments 1898, pp 28 - 31 - **DOI:** https://doi.org/10.23637/ERADOC-1-228

This work is licensed under a <u>Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International License</u>. PLAN OF THE PLOTS IN BROADBALK FIELD, ON WHICH WHEAT HAS BEEN GROWN for 55 years in succession, 1843-4 to 1897-8 inclusive. [For brief summary of results and conclusions, see opposite page.] 15 12 18 14 19

Brick Trench for collecting the Pipe Drainage from each Plot.

Total area of ploughed land about 11 acres.

12 11

5

2

Ш

Area of Plots 3-4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, and 19, each $\frac{1}{2}$ acre. Area of Lands A and B of Plot 2, each $\frac{3}{10}$ acre. Area of Plot 20, about $\frac{1}{0}$ acre.

15

14 13

The double lines indicate division paths between plot and plot; also a path across the centre of each plot. [For details of the manuring and produce, see pp. 30 and 31.]

(29)

RESULTS OF EXPERIMENTS IN BROADBALK FIELD ON THE GROWTH OF

WHEAT,

for 55 years in succession on the same land—without manure, with Farmyard manure, and with various artificial manures. During the first 8 years, 1844-1851, various mineral and nitrogenous manures were applied, but not as a rule the same from year to year on the same plot. But from 1851-2 to the present time, the same manures have, with few exceptions, been applied year after year on the same plots.

The results show that, unlike Leguminous crops such as Beans or Clover, Wheat may be successfully grown for many years in succession on ordinary arable land, provided suitable manures be applied, and the land be kept clean. Even without manure, the average produce over 44 years, 1852–1895, was nearly 13 bushels per acre; or more than the average of the whole of the United States of America, including their rich Prairie lands; in fact, about the average yield per acre of the Wheat lands of the whole world. Mineral manures alone gave very little increase; nitrogenous manures alone gave considerably more than mineral manures alone; but the mixture of the two gave very much more than either separately. Indeed, in one case the average produce by mixed mineral and nitrogenous manure was more than that by the annual application of Farmyard manure; and in 8 out of the 11 cases in which such mixtures were used, the average yield per acre was from 2 to 8 bushels more than the average yield of the United Kingdom (which is rather less than 28 bushels), under ordinary rotation.

It is estimated that the reduction in yield of the unmanured plot over the 40 years, 1852-91, after the growth of the crops without manure during the 8 preceding years, was, provided it had been uniform throughout, equivalent to a decline of one-sixth of a bushel from year to year due to exhaustion; that is irrespectively of fluctuations due to season.

For details of the manuring and produce of the different plots, see pages 30-31.

(30)

BROADBALK

EXPERIMENTS ON THE GROWTH OF WHEAT YEAR AFTER YEAR ON THE

Previous Cropping-1839, Turnips, with Farmyard Manure; 1840, Barley; 1841, Peas; 1842, Wheat; 1843, Oats;

Previous Cropping—1839, Turnips, with Farmyard Manure; 1840, Barley; 1841, Peas; 1842, Wheat; 1843, Oats; the last four Crops Unmanured.

First Experimental Wheat Crop in 1844. Wheat every year since; and, with some exceptions, nearly the same essertion of Manure on the same Plots each year—especially during the last 47 years (1852 and since). The Crop of the present year, 1898, is, therefore, the 55th Wheat Crop in succession. From the commencement of the experiments in 1843—4 up to 1876—7 inclusive, the mineral manures, the ammonium-salts, and rape-cake, &c., if any, were sown in the autumn, before the seed; excepting in 1845 and 1853, when, owing to the preceding wet autumn and winter, both seed and manures were spring sown; and for the crops of 1873, 4, 5, 6, and 7, the ammonium-salts applied to Plot 15 were and manures were spring. Nitrate of soda has, however, always been sown in the spring. But, in consequence of the ascertained great loss of the nitrogen of the manures by drainage, especially in wet winters, it was decided to apply only the mineral manures (and Farmyard-manure) in the autumn, and the ammonium-salts, as well as the nitrate, in the spring; excepting on Plot 15, where, for comparison, the ammonium-salts are sown in the autumn. This plan was adopted for the crops of 1878, 1879, 1880, 1881, 1882, and 1883; but for the crop of 1884 and since, each ammonium-plot (except 15) the crops of 1878, 1879, 1880, 1881, 1882, and 1883; but for the crop of 1884 and since, each ammonium-salts in the autumn. This plan was adopted for the crops of 1878, 1879, 1880, 1881, 1882, and 1883; but for the crop of 1884 and since, each ammonium-salts in the autumn. The description of seed sown was:—for the first 5 years, 1843—4 to 1847—8, "Old Red Lammas"; for the next 4 years, 1848—9 to 1851—2, "Red Cluster"; for the next 29 years, 1852—3 to 1880—1, "Red Rostock"; and for 1881—2, and since, "Club" or "Square Head" (Red).

Notwithstanding very much labour annually bestowed on hand-hoeing, the land had, partly owing

(Area under experiment.

```
.. or 1.585 Prussian Morgen.
                                                                                                                                                                       0.404 Hectare .. .. ..
                                                                                                                            = (about)
                                                                                                                                                                       0.364 Hectolitre .... or 0.662 Prussian Scheffel.
                                                                                                                           = (about)
                                                         1 bushel .. ..
1 lb. (pound avoir.)
                                                                                                                                                                     0.453 Kilogramme . . . . or 0.907 Zollverein Pfund.

50.98 Kilogrammes . . . or 1.016 Centner.

60.99 Hectolitre per Hectare
60.418 Pr. Scheffel per Pr. Morgen.
61.12 Kilogramme per Hectare or 0.572 Zollv. Pfd. per Pr. Morgen.
61.12 Kilogramme per Hectare or 0.572 Zollv. Pfd. per Pr. Morgen.
                                                                                                                                     (about)
                                                                                                                             =
                                                          1 cwt. (hundredweight) = (about)
                                                                                                                                                                  50.8
                                                          1 bushel per acre .. = (about)
 PLOTS.
                                                                                                                             = (about)
                                                          1 lb. per acre
                                                         1 cwt, per acre .. = (about) 125.6 Kilogrammes per Hectare or 0.641 Centner per Pr. Morgen.
                                                                                                                                                                       Manures, per acre, per annum.
                                                    Farmyard Manure 14 tons (Commencing 54-5) (*)
Farmyard Manure 14 tons (1843-4 and every year since)
Unmanured continuously.
Unmanured for Crop of 1852, and since; previously Superphosphate (made with Muriatic Acid), and Sulph. Amm.
200 lbs. (*) Sulphate Potash, 100 lbs. (*) Sulph. Soda, 100 lbs. Sulphate Magnesia, 3½ cwts. Superphosphate (*)
200 lbs. (*) Sulphate Potash, 100 lbs. (*) Sulph. Soda, 100 lbs. Sulph. Mag., 3½ cwts. Superphos., 200 lbs. Amm.-salts (*)
200 lbs. (*) Sulphate Potash, 100 lbs. (*) Sulph. Soda, 100 lbs. Sulph. Mag., 3½ cwts. Superphos., 400 lbs. Amm.-salts
200 lbs. (*) Sulphate Potash, 100 lbs. (*) Sulph. Soda, 100 lbs. Sulph. Mag., 3½ cwts. Superphos., 600 lbs. Amm.-salts
200 lbs. (*) Sulph. Potash, 100 lbs. (*) Sulph. Soda, 100 lbs. Sulph. Mag., 3½ cwts. Superphos., 600 lbs. Amm.-salts
200 lbs. (*) Sulph. Potash, 100 lbs. (*) Sulph. Soda, 100 lbs. Sulph. Mag., 3½ cwts. Superphos., 275 lbs. Nitrate Soda (*)
2175 lbs. Nitrate of Soda (*). (For the Crops of 1894 and since, Plot 9b has received the same manures as Plot 9a.)
400 lbs. Ammonium-salts alone, for 1845, and each year since; Mineral Manure in 1844
400 lbs. Ammonium-salts alone, for '45, and each year since (except '46 and '50); Mineral Manure '44, '48, '50...
400 lbs. Ammonium-salts, 3½ cwts. Superphosphate, and 366½ lbs. (*) Sulphate of Soda
400 lbs. Ammonium-salts, 3½ cwts. Superphosphate, and 200 lbs. (*) Sulphate of Potash
400 lbs. Ammonium-salts, 3½ cwts. Superphosphate, and 280 lbs. (*) Sulphate of Magnesia
200 lbs. (*) Sul. Pot., 100 lbs. (*) Sul. Sod., 100 lbs. Sul. Mag., 3½ cwts. Super. (*); 400 lbs. Amm.-salts, in Autm. (*)
1852-64, 13 years, 200 lbs. Sul, Sod., 100 lbs. Sul, Mag., 3½ cwts. Super. (*); 400 lbs. Amm.-salts, in Autm. (*)
1852-64, 13 years, 200 lbs. Sul, Potash, 100 lbs. Sul, Mag., 3½ cwts. Super. (*); 400 lbs. Amm.-salts, in Autm. (*)
1865-1883, 19 years unmanured; average produce (19 years, 1865-83) 14½ bushels Grain, 12½ cwts. Straw
1865-1883, 19 years unmanured; average produce (19 years, 1865-83) 14½ b
                    ( Land 1
                                                    Land 2
           3
           5 (a and b)
           6 (a and b)
           7 (a and b)
           8 (a and b)
           9 8
                  \begin{cases} a \\ b \end{cases}
         10
         11 (a and b)
        12 (a and b)
         13 (a and b)
         14 (a and b)
        15 \begin{cases} a \\ b \end{cases}
         16 (a and b)
                                                    400 lbs. Ammonium-salts

200 lbs. (1) Sulphate Potash, 100 lbs. (2) Sulphate Soda, 100 lbs. Sulphate Mag., and 3½ cwts. Superphosphate...

(1878-9 to '81-2, 1700 lbs., '83 and since 1889 lbs. Rape-cake, in Autumn. Previously, '52-78, 3½ cwts. Superph.)

Lime (12), 300 lbs. Sul. Am., and 500 lbs. Rape-cake; av. prod. (27 yrs., '52-78) 29½ bush. Grain, 27½ cwts. straw)
11) \begin{cases} 17 (a \text{ and } b) \\ 18 (a \text{ and } b) \end{cases}
         19
                                                       Unmanured continuously...

Mixed Mineral Manures as Plot 5, and 100 lbs. Mur. Amm. 1852-'83—then discontinued ...

Mixed Mineral Manures as Plot 5, and 100 lbs. Sulp. Amm. 1852-'83—then discontinued ...
 (13)20
         21
         22
```

(1) 300 lbs. per annum for Crop of 1858, and previously.

(2) "Superphosphate of Lime," up to 1837-8 inclusive, made from 200 lbs. Bone-ash, 150 lbs. Sulphuric acid sp. gr. 1.7 (and water); 1889-9, and since, made from high percentage mineral phosphates, and containing 37 per cent., or more, of soluble phosphate.

(4) The "Ammonium-salts," in all cases (excepting for the crop of 1837), equal parts Sulphate and Muriate of Ammonia of Commerce. For the season 1886-7 the same quantity of Nitrogen was applied, but mostly as Sulphate Ammonia.

(5) 9a, 475 lbs. Nitrate Soda in 1852, 275 lbs. in 1853 and 1854, 550-lbs. each year from 1855 to 1884. No Sulphate of Potash, Soda, or Magnesia, or Superphosphate, in 1852, 1853, or 1854. 9b, 475 lbs. Nitrate in 1852, 550 lbs. each year from 1853 to 1884. 550 lbs. Nitrate is reckoned to contain the same amount of Nitrogen as 400 lbs. "Ammonium-salts."

(5) For 1852, and previously—1½ time as much.

(7) For 1872 and previously, 400 lbs. Sulphate Ammonia, sown in the Autumn; for 1873-4-5-6 and 7, 400 lbs. Ammonium-salts, sown in the Spring; for 1873 and since, 400 lbs. Ammonium-salts, sown in the Autumn.

(9) For 1872 and previously, 300 lbs. Sulphate Ammonia and 500 lbs. Rape-cake, sown in the Autumn.

(9) For 1873 and previously, 300 lbs. Sulphate Ammonia and 500 lbs. Rape-cake, sown in the Autumn.

(10) From 1849 to 1883 one half of this land was unmanured, and the other half received Sulphates of Potash. Soda, and Magnesia; in 1884 the one half was wheat, and the other half fallow.

31

FIELD.

SAME LAND; WITHOUT MANURE, AND WITH DIFFERENT DESCRIPTIONS OF MANURE.

The amount of produce recorded in 1890 for 1889, was that obtained on the full sown, lower, or worst yielding half of the plots, and was doubtless somewhat too low. That recorded in 1891 for 1890, was that obtained on the full sown, upper, and better yielding half of the plots, which had also been thin sown, and hoed almost up to harvest, in fact, partially fallowed, the year before, and hence, although the season was undoubtedly a high yielding one, there can be no doubt that the produce as recorded was decidedly too high; and, on careful consideration of the results, the mean of the produce of the thick and thin sown portions of the plots has been adopted for the crop of 1890. Lastly, the produce for 1891, being that of the whole of each of the plots, half of which had been thin sown, that is, partially fallowed in 1890, and the other half in 1889, was again doubtless somewhat too high. Thus, the produce adopted for 1898 was undoubtedly somewhat too low; that for 1890 probably very near the truth; and that for 1891 somewhat too high. The average produce for the three years together is, however, probably very near the truth; and the averages since taken for the second 20, and for the 40 years, to 1891 inclusive, as given in the Memoranda for 1893, those since taken for the second 20, and for the 40 years, to 1891 inclusive, as given in the Memoranda for 1893, those given for the second 21, and for the 42 years, to 1893 inclusive, as given in the Memoranda for 1895 and 1896, and those now given for the second 22, and for the 44 years, in the Table below, are quite immaterially vitiated by

and those now given for the second 22, and for the 44 years, in the Table below, are quite immaterially vitiated by the unavoidable irregularities above referred to.

After the crop of the 50th year (1893) was taken off, the two lands "a" and "b" were thrown together, and permanent division paths made between plot and plot. In a few cases in 1894, 1895, 1896, and 1897, however, the crops on the two halves (a and b) were kept separate at harvest, and the amount of produce grown on each recorded. Below is given, besides the usual averages, the produce for both 1896 and 1897.

A plan of the plots as now arranged is given on p. 28, and a brief summary of the results on p. 29. It should be explained that for many years there were, besides the plots indicated on the plan, the manuring and produce of which are recorded in the Table below, two others, namely, Plots 0 and 1, which were under experiment up to 1883 inclusive, and the manuring and produce of which have been recorded in the Memoranda up to 1895, but have since been excluded from the plan and from the annual record. For the manuring and produce of these plots see previous issues of the Memoranda; also the Appendix Tables in No. 66 (Series 1) in the list of papers at p. 13. at p. 13.

about 11 acres.)

		PRODUCE PER ACRE.														
	Dressed Grain. Total Straw.															
	Quantity.				Weight per Bushel.					Tour Duaw.					Рьоте.	
	Averages.			53rd	54th	Averages.			53rd	54th	Averages.			53rd	54th	
	22 Yгв., 1852–73.		44 Yrs., 1852-95.	Year, 1896.	Year, 1897.	22 Yrs. 1852-73	22 Yrs., 1874-95.	44 Yrs., 1852-95.	Year, 1896.	Year, 1897.	22 Yrs., 1852-73.	22 Yrs., 1874-95.	44 Yrs., 1852-95.	Year, 1896.	Year, 1897.	12
$2 \begin{cases} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 5 \\ 6 \\ 7 \\ 8 \\ 9 \begin{cases} a \\ b \\ 11 \\ 12 \\ 13 \\ 14 \\ 15 \begin{cases} a \\ b \end{cases}$	Bush	Bush: 347g-1212g-222g-2341112g-222g-23g-23g-23g-23g-23g-23g-23g-23g-	Bush	Bush. 40 44 16 \$\frac{1}{4} \frac{1}{4} \f	Bush. 32 371 83 93 1125 125 285 37 255 237 166 217 167 277 192 202 {	10s 60 5788 ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** *	1bs. 607544 5984 5984 6084	1bs	1bs. 34 64 6136661 614 6136661 624 6214 6214 6214 6214 6214 6214 6	lbs. 61 60 61 60 61 60 61 60 61 60 61 60 61 60 61 60 61 60 60	Cwts	Cwts 32 814144 1993 3172 3997 3174 15507 200 219 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	Cwts	Cwts. 40554454 1178 4454 1178 24555 24555 255 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55	Cwts. 29½ 34½ 7% 8000 17 28¼ 39 16¾ 16¾ 18½ 21½ 21½ 19¼	
16	305	243	27 8	37 <u>3</u>	27½	587	59½	59 ¹ 8	633	601	337	$24\frac{3}{4}$	298	351	327	16
17 18	30 7 174		(14)30 1 (15)151	35 2 17	11 (16) 30½(17)		60½ 59¾	(14) 60 (15) 591	63 <u>4</u> 61 <u>4</u>	$59\frac{5}{8}\binom{16}{16}$ $61\frac{5}{6}\binom{17}{17}$	30g 15¾	$27\frac{1}{4}$ 11	(14) 237 (15) 138	318 134	10l (16) 291(17)	17 18
19	301	$26\frac{1}{8}$	281	36	22	585	598	59	$61\frac{1}{2}$	601	$28\frac{5}{8}$	23	253	321	21	19
20(13) 21 22	$14\frac{1}{4}$ $21\frac{1}{4}$ 21		(18 ₎ 13 <u>4</u> (19)19 (19)19 <u>3</u>	14	8	57 <u>4</u> 58 <u>9</u> 58 <u>4</u>	584 584 588	(18) 58¼ (19) 58¾ (19) 58¾ (19) 58¾	611	611	$13\frac{5}{6}$ $19\frac{3}{4}$ $19\frac{1}{2}$	$10 \\ 137 \\ 14\frac{5}{6}$	$\binom{18}{1}$ $\binom{19}{2}$ $\binom{19}{16}$ $\binom{19}{8}$ $\binom{19}{8}$	934	8	20 (13) 21 22

⁽¹¹⁾ The Manures of Plots 17 and 18 are, year by year, transposed.
(12) Made with Muriatic instead of Sulphuric Acid.
(13) After the Crop of 1893 had been removed, this plot was joined to Plot 19, and a new Plot 20 was made from land adjoining, which had been unmanured for many years; growing wheat up to 1883 inclusive; and again in 1887 and 1891; Potatoes, 1889; and left fallow 1884, '5, '6, '8, '8, '99. '99 and '93.

numanured for many years; growing wheat up to 1883 inclusive; and again in 1837 and 1891; Potatoes, 1889; and left fallow 1884, '5, '6, '8, '90, '92 and '93.

(14) Averages of Ammonium-salts, alternated with Mineral Manures.

(15) Averages of Mineral Manures, alternated with Ammonium-salts,

(16) Plot 17 had the Mineral Manure for the Crop of 1897.

(17) Plot 18 had the Ammonium-salts for the Crop of 1897.

(18) Averages of 21, 22, and 43 years only; as, in 1868, owing to a mistake in carting, the produce could not be ascertained.

The Plots marked "(a and b)" were, up to 1893 inclusive, divided into duplicate portions, "a" and "b," respectively, and were manured alike; excepting that, for the crops of 1864-5-6 and 7, the "a" portions of Plots 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 16, and 17 (or 18), received a mixture of soluble Silicates in addition to the other Manures, but, hitherto, without any material effect; and for the crops of 1868 to 1879 inclusive, cut straw (that produced in the previous season) was applied (instead of Silicates) on the "a" portions of Plots 5, 6, 7, 8, 11, 12, 13, 14, and 17 (or 18); also for the crop of 1874, and each succeeding crop to 1879 inclusive, the straw of the previous season was cut up and applied to the "a" portion of Plot 16. For the crop of 1880 and since the return of the straw has been discontinued.

(19) Averages of 16, 16, and 32 years, 1852-83.