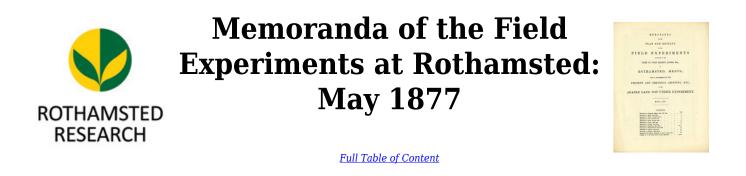
Thank you for using eradoc, a platform to publish electronic copies of the Rothamsted Documents. Your requested document has been scanned from original documents. If you find this document is not readible, or you suspect there are some problems, please let us know and we will correct that.



Memoranda of the Field Experiments at Rothamsted May 1877

Rothamsted Research

Rothamsted Research (1878) *Memoranda of the Field Experiments at Rothamsted May 1877 ;* Memoranda Of The Field Experiments At Rothamsted: May 1877, pp 1 - 17 - **DOI:** https://doi.org/10.23637/ERADOC-1-241

MEMORANDA

OF THE

PLAN AND RESULTS

OF THE

FIELD EXPERIMENTS

CONDUCTED ON THE

FARM OF JOHN BENNET LAWES, Esq.,

AT

ROTHAMSTED, HERTS;

ALSO A STATEMENT OF THE

PRESENT AND PREVIOUS CROPPING, ETC.,

OF THE

ARABLE LAND NOT UNDER EXPERIMENT.

MAY, 1877.

CONTENTS.

				LAGE	
Experiments	on	Permanent Meadow Land; The Park	 	2	
Experiments	on	Barley; Hoos Field	 	: S :	
Experiments	on	Wheat; Broadbalk Field	 	4	
Experiments	on	Oats; Geescroft Field	 	5	
Experiments	on	Beans; Geescroft Field	 	6	
Experiments	on	Clover; Hoos Field	 	7-8	
Experiments	on	Turnips; Barn Field	 	9	
0.5		Sugar-beet; Barn Field	 	10-11	
		Mangold-Wurzel; Barn Field	 	12	
- I I I I I I I I		Potatoes; Hoos Field	 	13	
And the second second		Rotation; Agdell Field	 	14	
		h different descriptions of Wheat; Sawpit Field	 	15	
		f the Arable Land not under Experiment	 	16-17	
	-, -				

THE PARK.

EXPERIMENTS WITH DIFFERENT MANURES ON PERMANENT MEADOW LAND.

record of any having been ds. Excepting as explained The Land has probably been laid down with Grass for some conturies. No fresh seed has been artificially sown within the last 40 years certainly; nor is there reco sown since the Grass was first laid down. The experiments commenced in 1856, at which time the character of the herbage appeared uniform over all the Plots. in the Table and in the foot-notes, the same description of Manure has been applied year after year to the same Plot.

(Area under experiment, about 7 acres.)

								(2)										
	PLOTS.	ā.	-	73	63	$\frac{1}{2}$ 4	1Q	9	- 0	, o c	10	1]11	12	13	14	16	11	18	19	
	T wenty- first	Season, 1876.	Cwts. 29#	203	12	16 1 33 <u>4</u>	173	32	344	102 102	40	57 3 64 <u>8</u>	144	66	64 2 303	414	253	314	37 38	-
HAY.	875 (13).	Total.	Cwts. 511	381	32 ^g	36 ³	42_{θ}^{1}	503	64 <u>2</u> 443	BEE	419 201	97 ³ 101	373	953	803 423	61§	43	50g	61 3 63 ₃	ly). 11858. 65. cut, weighed cut, weighed in all other
GHED AS	t Season, 1	Second Grop.	Cwts. 171	114	123	153 148	18	15	27 4 10	IVG	24 4	50 ³ 41	144	30 <u>4</u>	17 8 134	16§	13	158	201	dust only ace until ad in 1866 food, or it was cu ges, as in
re, Wei	Twentieth Season, 1875 (3).	First Orop.	Cwts. 335	26 <u>4</u>	20	21 36§	24_8^1	354	4U2 903	En or	43	46 ⁸ 60	231	65	62 3 29 3	45	30	344	41 4 42 ₈	d 8, Saw t commen- mmmence out other avy, that ese averr
PRODUCE PER ACRE, WEIGHED AS		20 Years, 1856-75. (14)	Cwts. 43	362	214	$22\frac{224}{32\frac{4}{4}}$ (°)	264	30 2	108 201	- LS	463	57 8 62 <u>4</u>	24	574	57 353	463	_	£	364 (12)	856-7 an arts did no t only co eep, with sually he ded in th
RODUCE	Average per Annum.	10 Years, 2 1866-75. 1 (14)	Cwts. 373	32	-			1	196		-	538 613	227	-	60 <u>4</u> 57 35 35	476 46	-	334 324		iously, 1 experiment xperiment off by sh as so unu at inclue
I	Average	10 Years, 10 1856-65, 15	Cwts. 0	418			-	-	006 335	-	-	61 8 634	25 25	-	36¦ 3	452 4	-14	21	· ·	859 (prev as these , as the e been fed 375, it w 875) is 1
			:		:	•••		cwta. }	cwts.	t owta.)	g owta.	Soda m	;	straw	: ::			(0921	::	(9) The manures specified were first applied in 1859 (previously, 1856-7 and 8, Sawdust only). (10) Averages of 8 years, 10 years, and 13 years, as these appriments add not commence until 1858. (11) Averages of 4 years, 10 years, and 11 years, as the experiments only commenced in 1865. (12) Averages of 4 years, 10 years, are start least of the experiment only commenced in 1865. (13) In previous years the second erop has either least fead of the first privation of the ground, but in the twentich season, 1875, it was so unusually heavy, that it was out, weighted at and consoling on the twentich season, 1875, it was so unusually heavy, that it was out, weighted at an encored.
			:		•	::	: :	угв., 1869-75) 314	duce 36	1te	prod. 55	Silicate	:	it Wheat	spnate	ate .		Buroneur	: :	(9) The manures specified were first applied 10 to
-	1		f	H.I	•		: :	гв., 1869	rage pro	nonia-sa	alts; av.	400 lbs.	:	00 Iba, Ct	e A	rphosph		TRA (COIII		pecified w years, 10 L year), 11 years on any the set at in the at in the op of the was weight
	r. Morger. Morgen.				•	::		tod. (7 y	ate; ave	lbs. Amr	Ammst	alts	:	salts, 200	g cwis. r	vts, Supe	T do mot	1 10 1001	• •	nanures s ages of 8 ages of (arges of 4 rages of 4 evious ye ound; bu noved, second or crop only
Prussian Morgen. Zollverein Pfund. Centner.	Centner. Zollv. Pfd. per Pr. Morgen. Centner per Pr. Morgen. Centner per Pr. Morgen.			:	:	::	:: ::	L; av. pi	erphosph	and 400	400 lbs.	nmonia-s nmonia-s	:.	mmonia-	s. Super	und 32 cv	·· ··		; ; ;	(*) The manure (*) Averages o (*) Av
9 Prussian 1 Zollvere 2 Centner,	Zollv. P. Zollv. P. Centner Zontner	-	cwts }	in și ș	:	:: ::	:: ::	1bs. Sulph. Magnesia, 3 ¹ / ₂ cwts. Superphos.; av. prod. hate Magnesia, and 3 ¹ / ₄ cwts. Sumerphosphate	wts. Sup	sphate,	Ibs. Sulph. Magnosia, 3. ³ ovts. Superphos., 400 lbs. Anm. salts; av. prod. 55 ³ ovts.) , ³ ³ ovts. Superphos., 400 lbs. Anmsalts; av. prod. (14 vrs., 1862–75) 425 ovts.	lbs. ⁽⁶⁾ Ar lbs. ⁽⁶⁾ Ar		Momon	d 34 cwt	phate Soda, 100 lbs. Sulphate Magnesia, and 33 cwts, Superphosphate	Phosphoric and Stline and Nitrown contained in 1 too of Hard Value	279.) 279.)		left as h year
	or 20.33 or 0.57 or 0.64 or 12.82	-	luce 49 ¹ / ₂ vts.	:	:	:: ::	: : : :	cwta, Sun-	and 34 c	Superpho	cwts. Su 0 lbs. Ai	ph., 800] ph., 800]	*	aosph., 4	nesia, an	phate Ma		st anione	0	ce. Sulphuric m for the 0 lbs. of
***	Kilogrammes per Hectare or Kilogrammes per Hectare or Kilogrammes per Hectare or	per acre, per Annum	age produce 5) 38 ² ₈ ewts.		:	::(: ;	nesia, 33	gnesia, a	dewts.	nesia, 34 phos., 40	Iperphos		Of the S	ate Magi	Ibs. Sul	Silica ar	(comme		"Ammonia-salts "in all cases equal parts Sulphate and Muriate of Ammonia of Commerce. The "Superphenethat" Files 'Superphenethat", in all cases, made from 200 lbs. Bonc-sul, 150 lbs. Sulphuric Flores 8, and 10, had, besides the Manures specified, 2000 lbs. Sawdust per acre per annum for the surs 1856-1835, but without effect. 200 lbs. 1856-638 inclusive. 200 lbs. 1856-638 and 1987. The application of Sillest ed and not commone until 1862. The application of Sillest ed and the contain the same amount of Nitrogen as 400 lbs. of iscalls."
Hectare Kilogramme Kilogrammes	Kilogrammes per Hectare Kilogrammes per Hectare Kilogrammes per Hectare	acre, per	⁽¹⁾ ; aver	rts } .	•	<u>s</u>	: :	ph. Mag gnesia, a	ulph. Ma	gnesia, 3	ph. Mag s. Superl	ewts. Su cwts. Su		e Soda. 1	s. Sulph	oda, 100	ricarid S	hosphate	12)	amonia ol one-ash, J per acre f Nitroge
0 10	63	tes, per a	nia-salts 12 years	2; ewts. 5) 32; ev	:	::,	ewts.	lbs. Sul bate Ma	00 lbs. S.	hate Ma) Ibs. Sul a, 3 ¹ / ₂ cwt	gnesia, 3.	To concerta	Sulphat	a, 100 lb	Iphate S	Phosnhc	Superr	icing 18'	ate of Ar 00 lbs. B Sawdust amount o
(about)0-4(about)0-4(about)51-0(about)1016-0	(about) 1.1 (about) 125-5 (about) 2510-0	Manur	s. Amme	roduce 4 1864-7:	:	u-salts	duce 30	ibs. Sulf	Soda, 10	lbs, Sulp	oda, 100 Magnesi	lph. Mag lph. Mag	 F dalas	D lbs. (4)	ate Sod	bs. (4) Su	agnesia.	1 34 cwts	(commer	and Muri e from 2 2000 lbs. 562. e same a
= (about) = (about) = (about) = (about)	= (about) = (about) = (about)		d 200 lb	verage p 12 years,	: 4	ime, and 400 Ibs. Ammonia	rage pro	Sulph. 5 da, 100	8. Sulph.	da, 100	Sulph. Sulph. 1	0 lbs. Su 0 lbs. Su		tass, 100	os. Sulpl	88, 100 l	Lime, M	tass, and	osphate	Sulphate ises, made pecified, ; e until 18 ontain th
ir.) weight)			alone; s	roduce (: :	00 Ibs. /	lts; ave	phate Sc	, 200 lbs	phate So	200 lbs. 100 lbs.	Soda, 10 Soda, 10	h Soda	phate Pc	88, 100 II	ate Pota	is, Soda,	te of Po	Superph	in all cr Manures s Manures commence
1 acre	lb. per acre cwt. per acre ton per acre		yard Ma nia-salts	yard Ma verage p	ime (2)	ie, and 4	monia-sa	I CURSS, (4) Sul	h. Potass hate Sod	18. (*) Sul	Potass, 1 h. Soda,	Sulph.	(4) Sulph	Ibs. Sul	ate Sods	s. Sulph	of Potas	Sulphe	3 cwts.	cases equ lime " is, ides the 1 out effect 0. 61. 61. is reckc
1 acre 1 lb. (pou 1 cwt. (hu 1 ton	1 lb. per acre 1 cwt. per acr 1 ton per acre		ons Farm	uns Farm tured ; a	te of Lir	te of Lin	Ibs. Am	88, 100 Il	ba. Sulpl	as, 100 lt	. Sulph. . ([®] Sulp	100 lbs. (100 lbs. (1	8. 100 Ibs. (a (⁶), 300	lbs. Nitr 8. Sulphe	a, 300 Ib	quantity	i, 290 Ibi	se, and	". Ammonia-selts "In all case " experiments "and the self provided the " styre provided the of Lines " FT-17" (and water). " FT-17" (and water). " FT-17" (and water). " FT-17" (and water). " FT-18" (and water). " FT-
			ars, 14 to	ars, 14 to 9, unman	phospha	phospha onia-salts	ars, 400	ate Pota	, 250 lbs	ate Potas	, 250 lbs	Potass, Potass,	te Potasi	e of Sod	ars, 550	e of Sods	ing the	e of Soda	e of Pote	onia-salts uperphos (and wat 8, and 10 6-1862, 1856-66 in 1862 in 1862 0 lbs. in lication o lication o
			(1856-63, 8 years, 14 tons Farmyard Manure, and 200 lbs. Ammonin-sults ⁽⁰⁾ ; average produce (1864 and since, 200 lbs. Ammonia-sults alone; average produce (12 years, 1864-75) 387 evis.	[1856-63, 8 years, 14 tons Farmyard Manure; average produce 42 ^a ovts. (1864 and since, unnarured; avenage produce (12 years, 1864-75) 52 ^a ovts. Thmanned continuously.	34 owts. Superphosphate of Lime (2)	34 owts. Superphosphate of Lime, and 400 lbs. Ammonia-salts 400 lbs. Ammonia-salts	(1856-68, 13 years, 400 lbs, Ammonin-salts; average produce 304	2000 and succe, our los, butput. Fotass, 100 LDS. Sulpti. Soda, 100 LDS. Sulphi. Magnesia, 34 outs. Superphos.; a 300 LDs. Sulphate Potass, 100 LDs. (4) Sulphate Soda, 100 LDs. Sulphate Magnesia, and 34 outs. Surverheite	(1856-61, 6 years, 300 lbs. Sulph. Potass, 200 lbs. Sulph. Soda, 100 lbs. Sulph. Magnesia, and 3; ewis. Superphosphate; average produce 36 ewis. (1862 and since, 250 lbs. @ Sulphate Soda, 100 lbs. Sulphate Misrnesia, and 3; ewis Superphosphate; average produce 36 ewis.	300 lbs. Sulphate Potass, 100 lbs. (*) Sulphate Soda, 100 lbs. Sulphate Magnesia, 33 owte. Superphosphate, and 400 lbs. Ammonia-salla	1386-61, 6 yrs. 300 lbs. Sulph. Potass, 200 lbs. Sulph. Soda, 100 lbs. Sulph. Magnesis, 34 owts. Superphos., 400 lbs. Ammsalts; av. prod. 554 owts. (1862 and since, 250 lbs. © Sulph. Soda, 100 lbs. Sulph. Magnesis, 33 owts. Superphos, 400 lbs. Ammsalts; av. prod. (14 yrs., 1862–75) 243 ovts.	(300 Ibs. Sulph. Potas, 100 Ibs. (8) Sulph. Soda, 100 Ibs. Sulph. Magnesia, 34 owts. Superphosph., 800 Ibs. (9) Ammonia-salts (300 Ibs. Sulph. Potas, 100 Ibs. (8) Sulph. Soda, 100 Ibs. Sulph. Magnesia, 34 owts. Superphosph., 800 Ibs. (9) Ammonia-salts (100 Ibs. Sulph. Potas, 100 Ibs. (8) Sulph. Soda, 100 Ibs. Sulph. Magnesia, 34 owts. Superphosph., 800 Ibs. (9) Ammonia-salts (100 Ibs. Sulph. Potas, 100 Ibs. (8) Sulph. Soda, 100 Ibs. Sulph. Magnesia, 34 owts. Superphosph., 800 Ibs. (9) Ammonia-salts (100 Ibs. Sulph. Potas, 100 Ibs. (8) Sulph. Soda, 100 Ibs. Sulph. Magnesia, 34 owts. Superphosph., 800 Ibs. (9) Ammonia-salts	a. Sulpha	550 lbs. Nitrate of Soda (*) 300 lbs. Sulphate Potass, 100 lbs. dx. Sulphate Appl. Solv. Appl. 200 lbs. dx. Worker Strate of Soda (*) 300 lbs. Sulphate Potass, 100 lbs. dx. Sulphate Sodas, 100 lbs. dx. Sulphate Soda	1858-75, 18 years, 550 lbs. Nitrate Soda 1876, and since, 300 lbs. Sulphate Potass, 100 lbs. Sulphate Soda, 100 lbs. Sulphate Magnesia, and 34 owis. Superphosphate	275 Ibs. Nitrate of Soda, 300 Ibs. Sulphate Potass, 100 Ibs. (4) Sul 275 Iba. Nitrate of Soda.	Mixture supplying the quantity of Potass, Soda, Lime, Magnesia.	275 lbs. Nitrate of Soda, 290 lbs. Sulphate of Potass, and 34 owts. Superphosphate (commencing 1879)	327 lbs. Nitrate of Potass, and 3½ cwta. Superphosphate (commencing 1872)	 "Ammonia-sults"—In all cases equal parts Sulphate and Muri The "Suppredisophate of Line", is, in all cases, made from 20 Sp. 177 (and water). The "Suppred 10, had, patids the Manures specified, 2000 lbs. first 7 years, 1856–1862, but without effect. Soo lbs. in 1892 and 1893. March 400 -601. The application of Silicates did not commence until 1852. The application of Silicates did not contrain the same a "Ammonis-stol bs. Nitrate of Soda is redouted to contain the same a
_			1856-	(1856- [1864.1		-	1869 -	800 IF	(1856- (1862 e	300 Ib	(1856- (1862 a	(300 lb	300 lb	550 lb	{1858-76, i	275 Ib	Mixtu	275 lb	327 Ib	Add
	PLOTS.		I	67 r	.0,	5 ⁴ 2	(3) (5	2	(3) 8	6	(8) 10	11 ⁽¹ 2	13	14	15	17	18	61	20	
																			1	

This work is licensed under a <u>Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International License</u>.

s				10
		1		, uo
	÷			m
				An
	E GROWTH OF BARLEY TAAR AFTER TAAR ON THE SAME LAND WITHOUT MAINTER TO THE SAME LAND		au Superphosphate of Lime, the Roots carted off: 1848 Raulaw, 1840 Chama, 1850 W. 1921 Fort F.	t P
				M
1		Ę	. '	red
		NUR		un ur
		T		ma
	1	2		Þ
		0	1	BTIC
		BA	F	η
		N	-	10
		E	C F	0
	į	E E	1	
	1	H.		MAT
		Ĩ	L XX	A
	1	Ħ	<	5
		ETA	20	2
	ļ	9		-
		A	-	5
	P	ſ	ave	AOT
			C)
e.	1		07	H
	E	1	G	1
	101	3	• 4	5
	THE P		-la	
	B	-	Å	3
	Ę	ĵ	œ	ĵ;
Ľ	T.A		182	1
-	E	1		
HOUS FIELD.	A A A		of	
-	E		ted	•
$\sum_{i=1}^{n}$	aut,		38.11	
5	NO	i	8	1
4	e		oot	
	A BL		Ř	1
	8	1	the	-
	H H H		30,	-
	4	į,	HIT.	4 and
	BAB		-	200
			0	10.
	A		nat	144
	Ξ	See.	digo	R a
1	AB		ğ	
	Å	and and and a	190	000
	ħ0	5	no no	.0
	Ħ	-	D	DO T
	EMC	į	3	
	E B		Ĩ	7 BT
	8	Ê	Ā	r er
	Ē	17	Ξ,	91
	NO	1	Ξ,	587
	8	54	Ê,	ľ
	NIE	- CARA		22.
	RIM	Ê	1	ñ
	CPB.	d'a	1.	g
1	E	ipa		00
		C an	50	5
		2	-	AO
		84	1	ari
		1	F	٩
		no-	07	TTTT I
		ina	-	TAT
	ā	ro		21.11
	6	1		Š,

Ť				1				(3) 						aran fin
		PLOTS.			000 000				a2 I 4 SOC AAS			.m. 1}6	21 ²	
	Season,	1	Total Straw.	Cwts.	6.6	1925	20 21 20	21.5 21.65 184	202 212 206	19g 16g	201 201	×8 548.	191	the 30g
	Twenty-Fifth Season, 1876.	Dressed Corn.	Weight Per Bushel.		53	1.1	50 52 53 53	524 544 534	544 544 543 543	56¦ 53¦ 53	5033 03	515 512	268	25 <u>\$</u> way as th la, the fir
	Tw	Dress	Quantity.	Bushels.	123	535 535 535 535 535 535 535 535 535 535	00 818 818 818 818 818 818 818 818 818 8	255 255 282 282	368 345 31	35 25 <u>1</u> 901	11 848 848	124	311 311	40 ⁴ the same ar since. ate of Soo
		w.	24 Years,	Cwts.	133	177 266	214 2392 23	** :::	257 273 26	288 224 (11) 224 (11)	111)(U) 271)(U)	(1) and 811	(e1) 811	1 = 1 and $1 = 1$ and $1 =$
		Total Straw.	12 Years,	Cwts.	102 102		202 201 201	213 213 244 244 244			-			29% 29% 29% 29% 20% 20% 20% 20% 20% 20% 20% 20% 20% 20
PER ACRE			12 Years, 1862-63.	Owts. 127 143	152	192 283 283 283 283 283 283 283 283 283 28	237 238 317 258	999 : : : :	20 30 28 28 28 28 28 28 28	$\frac{31}{24\frac{1}{8}}$ $\frac{24\frac{1}{8}}{9.7\frac{3}{8}}$	133 29	138	281	ath 100 , and 100 phate of 1 275 lbs. o
PRODUCE P	num.	23	Cears, 2-7.6-		55.55	522 533 522 522	5224 5224 5224		538 54 538 538 538	52 ² 52 ² 521 (11)	$53\frac{5}{54}$ (11) 54 (1	522 522	548 (P)	¹
Pı	Average per Annum	1	Weight per Bushel. urs, 12 Years, 24 7 33. 1264-75. 186			55455 55455 55455				_			-	e been, a tr the first 33 cwts. 1 H-5-6, and but not s od 23 yea
	Avera	Corn.	Welg 12 Years, 1 1852-63, 1	512 512 522	52 ¹	514 514 513	2018 2018 2018					-		ates, have any and any and or 1853- or 1853- or 1853- irst year, years, an
		Dressed	24 Years, 1 1852-76.	tels.	214 254	815 465 345 454		s ::::	miles miles water	(n)	$21\frac{2}{43\frac{2}{5}}$ (12) $43\frac{2}{19\frac{2}{5}}$ (12)		(f)	of the Silicates, of the Silicates, pe-cake per anium inte of Potass, a alone each year si atone each year si to of Soda for 18 the also the first y to the sirst vera. 11 years, 12 year
				20	17# 2 21# 22	29 29 33 3225 34 44		1.99	42 444 444 414 428 464 428 464 428 464 428 464 428 428 428 428 428 428 428 428 428 42		185 21 421 43 184 43		-	ddition of bs. Rape- s. Sulpha Nitrate alo S. Nitrate onin-sults ges of 11
		Ċ	12 Years, 12 1852-63, 18	Bushels, Br 217 271		344 473 364 473			447 1481 1481 141 141 141 141 141 141 141 1		244 45 225 1 225	24 ² 10 24 11	484 41 468 51	rescepting the addition (AA, plots, respectively addition (AA, plots, respectively addition (A) 2000 lbs, respectively (A) 2000 lbs, respectively (A) Addition (A) Additional-result (A) Additional-res
-			1 114	::	::						:::	R 10		, AJ
acre = (about) bushel = (about)	$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	1b. per acre = (about) 1.12 Kilogramme per Hectar cwt. per acre = (about) 125.5 Kilogrammes par Hectar	Manures, per acre, per annum.	Ummanured continuously	200 lbs. @ Sulphate Potass, 100 lbs. @ Sulphate Soda, 100 lbs. Sulphate Magnesia, 34 cwts. Superphosphate	200 Ibs. Ammonia-saits (9 200 Ibs. Ammonia-saits, and 84 certs. Superphosphate 200 Ibs. Ammonia-saits, 200 Ibs. (9) Sulph. Potass, 100 Ibs. (9) Sulph. Soda, 100 Ibs. Sulph. Magnesia 200 Ibs. Ammonia-saits, 200 Ibs. (2) Sulph. Potass, 100 Ibs.(9) Sulph. Soda, 100 Ibs. Sulph. Mag. 36 or was. Superpote	275 lbs. Nitrate Soda	Soda, 100 lbs. f Soda, 100 lbs. f	a, 100 lbs. S	:: :: ::	200 lbs. ⁽⁶⁾ Sulphate of Potass, 34 owts, Superphosphate ⁽¹⁰⁾ 200 lbs. ⁽⁶⁾ Sulphate of Potass, 34 owts, Superphosphate, and 200 lbs. Ammonia-sults 100 lbs. ⁽⁶⁾ Sulphate of Soda, 100 lbs. Sulphate of Magnesia, and 34 owts. Superphosphate	Unmanured continuously	Farmyard Manure 14 tons, 20 years, 1852–1871 ; unmanured since Farmyard Manure 14 tons, every year; 1852–71, 494 bush.; 4 years, 1872–5, 503 bush.	 The "Superphosphate of Lime" is, in all cases, made from 200 lbs. Bone-sah, 150 lbs. Sulphurio acid sp. gr. 17 (and wrater). 300 lbs, per anuum for the first syrens, 1852-7. 300 lbs, per anuum for the first six years, 1852-7. The "Annonis-salts" in all cases quark parts 1852-7. The "Annonis-salts" in all cases quark processibly that and Muriate of Annonia of Commerce, the first 6 Years, 1855-7. 200 lbs, per anuum for the first six years, 1852-7. 200 lbs, per anuum for the first six years, 1852-7. 201 lbs, intronis-salts per anuum 1988, and muriate of Annonia of Commerce, Nature of Souls is redunous-salts per anuum 1868, and the same annount of Nitrogua so 200 lbs. "Annonia-salts per anuum. 275 lbs. Nitrate of Souls is redunomis-salts per anuum 1868, in 1864, in 1866, in 1866, in 1864, in 1864, in 1864, in 1864, in 1864, in
	PLOTS.			30. 20. 20.	o ,	4 2 2 4 4 4	2 4A. 2 4A. 2 4A. 2 4A. 2 4A. 2 4A.	0 (1 AAS. 2 2 (1 AAS. 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	(1 C) (2 C) (4 C) (4 C) (1	zż	5 0. M. 20		$\binom{1}{2}$ $\binom{1}{2}$ Fa	

в 2

	7.6
	k
	F
0	
Ч	
H	
FIELD	
	- F
E	
H	
1	
1	
BALK	
1	
1	

BROADB

$ \begin{array}{c} \text{ constraints} \\ c$			PLOTS,		4	0	1	en 100	4	5 (a and b)	7'(a and b)	8 (a and b)	9{a	10{6	11 (a and b)	12 (a and b)	13 (a and b)	15 (a curu o)	16 (a and b)	17 (a and b) 18 (a and b)	19	20	21	33
(Area under experime ussian Scheffel. Ilveren Find, Scheffel pr. Pr. Morgen, Scheffel pr. Pr. Morgen, Scheffel pr. Pr. Morgen, Ilv. Pd. per. Pr. Morgen, I.v. Pd. per. Pole Scheffel pr. Pr. Morgen, I.v. Pd. per. Pole Scheffel pr. Pr. Morgen, I.v. Pd. per. Pr. Morgen, I.v. Pd. per. Pr. Pr. Morgen, I.v. Pd. per. Pr. Morgen, Pr. Pr. Pr. Morgen, Pr. Pr. Pr. Morgen, Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Morgen, Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr.		sason,		_		Cwta. 78	58	191 53	* 1 9	7	193	264	$\frac{32}{10_{g}}$	84 113	118	15	214	204 225	178 87	228(14) 8 (15)	14	9	88	10g ting, the hich are 16, and hus been
(Area under experime ussian Scheffel. Ilveren Find, Scheffel pr. Pr. Morgen, Scheffel pr. Pr. Morgen, Scheffel pr. Pr. Morgen, Ilv. Pd. per. Pr. Morgen, I.v. Pd. per. Pole Scheffel pr. Pr. Morgen, I.v. Pd. per. Pole Scheffel pr. Pr. Morgen, I.v. Pd. per. Pr. Morgen, I.v. Pd. per. Pr. Pr. Morgen, I.v. Pd. per. Pr. Morgen, Pr. Pr. Pr. Morgen, Pr. Pr. Pr. Morgen, Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Morgen, Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr.		ty-Third S 1876.	d Corn.				_	623 59	283	594	63 63	62_8^2	628 564	574 568	59	60 <u>å</u>	624	624 618	287 287	603 588	823	574	573	57 ke in car ctively, w 3, 7, 8, 9, erto, with senson)
(Area under experime ussian Scheffel. Ilveren Find, Scheffel pr. Pr. Morgen, Scheffel pr. Pr. Morgen, Scheffel pr. Pr. Morgen, Ilv. Pd. per. Pr. Morgen, I.v. Pd. per. Pole Scheffel pr. Pr. Morgen, I.v. Pd. per. Pole Scheffel pr. Pr. Morgen, I.v. Pd. per. Pr. Morgen, I.v. Pd. per. Pr. Pr. Morgen, I.v. Pd. per. Pr. Morgen, Pr. Pr. Pr. Morgen, Pr. Pr. Pr. Morgen, Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Morgen, Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr.		Thir	Dresse			Bushels.	73	233 81	n 6	104	233	295	33 ⁸ 13	121	148	194	254	248 248	11			_	104	134 134 134 134 134 134 134 134 134 134
(Area under experime ussian Scheffel. Ilveren Find, Scheffel pr. Pr. Morgen, Scheffel pr. Pr. Morgen, Scheffel pr. Pr. Morgen, Ilv. Pd. per. Pr. Morgen, I.v. Pd. per. Pole Scheffel pr. Pr. Morgen, I.v. Pd. per. Pole Scheffel pr. Pr. Morgen, I.v. Pd. per. Pr. Morgen, I.v. Pd. per. Pr. Pr. Morgen, I.v. Pd. per. Pr. Morgen, Pr. Pr. Pr. Morgen, Pr. Pr. Pr. Morgen, Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Morgen, Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr.					24 Years, 1852-75.	Cwts. 142	13	33 5 123	13	146	346	414	424 273	201 234	25g	318	338	318 318	318	$\frac{152}{302} \binom{12}{13}$	283	134(16)	186	18g owing t a " and " manures, ced in the
(Area under experime ussian Scheffel. Ilveren Find, Scheffel pr. Pr. Morgen, Scheffel pr. Pr. Morgen, Scheffel pr. Pr. Morgen, Ilv. Pd. per. Pr. Morgen, I.v. Pd. per. Pole Scheffel pr. Pr. Morgen, I.v. Pd. per. Pole Scheffel pr. Pr. Morgen, I.v. Pd. per. Pr. Morgen, I.v. Pd. per. Pr. Pr. Morgen, I.v. Pd. per. Pr. Morgen, Pr. Pr. Pr. Morgen, Pr. Pr. Pr. Morgen, Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Morgen, Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr.	P.	SE.	Total Stress	TOISH ISTO	12 Years, 1864-75.	Cwts. 13	$10\frac{3}{6}$	325 93	104	114	316 316	40	$\frac{446}{268}$	$18\frac{1}{2}$	227	28	308 903	2081	178	127	254	114	163	16 Its. res. in 1868, in 1868, e " a" p he other hat produ
(Area under experime ussian Scheffel. Ilveren Find, Scheffel pr. Pr. Morgen, Scheffel pr. Pr. Morgen, Scheffel pr. Pr. Morgen, Ilv. Pd. per. Pr. Morgen, I.v. Pd. per. Pole Scheffel pr. Pr. Morgen, I.v. Pd. per. Pole Scheffel pr. Pr. Morgen, I.v. Pd. per. Pr. Morgen, I.v. Pd. per. Pr. Pr. Morgen, I.v. Pd. per. Pr. Morgen, Pr. Pr. Pr. Morgen, Pr. Pr. Pr. Morgen, Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Morgen, Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr.	and and	PER AG		-		Cwta. 162	154	34§ 147	152	166	374	42 ¹ / ₈	391 281	234	287	354	22 88 2 2 88 2 2 88 2 2 88 2 2 88 2 2 8 2 8	3337 352	46				207	20§ monia-sa aral Manu 876. 1876. only; as, only; as, only; as, only; as, only; as, only; sa, thue and 7, th
(Area under experime ussian Scheffel. Ilveren Find, Scheffel pr. Pr. Morgen, Scheffel pr. Pr. Morgen, Scheffel pr. Pr. Morgen, Ilv. Pd. per. Pr. Morgen, I.v. Pd. per. Pole Scheffel pr. Pr. Morgen, I.v. Pd. per. Pole Scheffel pr. Pr. Morgen, I.v. Pd. per. Pr. Morgen, I.v. Pd. per. Pr. Pr. Morgen, I.v. Pd. per. Pr. Morgen, Pr. Pr. Pr. Morgen, Pr. Pr. Pr. Morgen, Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Morgen, Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr.	aondoa	RODUCE		ushel.	24 Years, 1852-75.	1ba. 58 <u>4</u>	584	60 574	185	587 501	294 294	59	584 564	568 578	573	591 101	598	50 50 4 50 58 50 58	59	587 (12) 594 (13)	583	572(16)	584	58 ² c Acid. t with Annevith Mine Crop of 1 Crop of 1 23 years 23 years 1 into du 1864-5-6 fes in add since, cut
(Area under experime ussian Scheffel. Ilveren Find, Scheffel pr. Pr. Morgen, Scheffel pr. Pr. Morgen, Scheffel pr. Pr. Morgen, Ilv. Pd. per. Pr. Morgen, I.v. Pd. per. Pole Scheffel pr. Pr. Morgen, I.v. Pd. per. Pole Scheffel pr. Pr. Morgen, I.v. Pd. per. Pr. Morgen, I.v. Pd. per. Pr. Pr. Morgen, I.v. Pd. per. Pr. Morgen, Pr. Pr. Pr. Morgen, Pr. Pr. Pr. Morgen, Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Morgen, Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr.		F age per Al		ight per B	12 Years, 1864-75.	1bs. 594	59 <u></u>	60 8 59	59 3	59# 201	80g	60	592 573	588 588 888	58 <u>1</u>	593	60%	800 809	604	593 604	285	584	598	59 [§] Sulphuri alternated tern
(Area under experime ussian Scheffel. Ilveren Find, Scheffel pr. Pr. Morgen, Scheffel pr. Pr. Morgen, Scheffel pr. Pr. Morgen, Ilv. Pd. per. Pr. Morgen, I.v. Pd. per. Pole Scheffel pr. Pr. Morgen, I.v. Pd. per. Pole Scheffel pr. Pr. Morgen, I.v. Pd. per. Pr. Morgen, I.v. Pd. per. Pr. Pr. Morgen, I.v. Pd. per. Pr. Morgen, Pr. Pr. Pr. Morgen, Pr. Pr. Pr. Morgen, Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Morgen, Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr.	-	Aver	ed Corn.	Wei	12 Years, 1852-63,		-	594 561	574	578	581 581	573	57 55 <u>4</u>	55 ² 57 ⁸	263	283	58 <u>4</u> 58 <u>4</u>	584 584	57 <u>4</u>			1.3		573 instead of Manures, al, a-salits, al, al, al, al, al, al, al, al, al, al,
(Area under experime ussian Scheffel. Ilveren Find, Scheffel pr. Pr. Morgen, Scheffel pr. Pr. Morgen, Scheffel pr. Pr. Morgen, Ilv. Pd. per. Pr. Morgen, I.v. Pd. per. Pole Scheffel pr. Pr. Morgen, I.v. Pd. per. Pole Scheffel pr. Pr. Morgen, I.v. Pd. per. Pr. Morgen, I.v. Pd. per. Pr. Pr. Morgen, I.v. Pd. per. Pr. Morgen, Pr. Pr. Pr. Morgen, Pr. Pr. Pr. Morgen, Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Morgen, Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr.			Dress		24 Years, 1852-75.		_	354 14	15	168	24 <u>4</u>	373	367 254	21g 25	273	331	800 800		29	162 (12) 302(13)	301	133(16)	204	$20\frac{1}{3}$ Muriatic Muriatic Muriatic Ammonia I the Ammonia I the Ammo
(Area under experime ussian Scheffel. Ilveren Find, Scheffel pr. Pr. Morgen, Scheffel pr. Pr. Morgen, Scheffel pr. Pr. Morgen, Ilv. Pd. per. Pr. Morgen, I.v. Pd. per. Pole Scheffel pr. Pr. Morgen, I.v. Pd. per. Pole Scheffel pr. Pr. Morgen, I.v. Pd. per. Pr. Morgen, I.v. Pd. per. Pr. Pr. Morgen, I.v. Pd. per. Pr. Morgen, Pr. Pr. Pr. Morgen, Pr. Pr. Pr. Morgen, Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Morgen, Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr.	acres.)			Quantity.	12 Years, 1864-75.			35	13	134	82 ⁸	37	391 2418	$\frac{21\frac{1}{8}}{23}$	253	313	326	314	194	147	285	12	198	19 ⁸ ade with erages of crages of rerages of rerages of rerages of rerages of recrages of
(Area under experime ussian Scheffel. Ilveren Find, Scheffel pr. Pr. Morgen, Scheffel pr. Pr. Morgen, Scheffel pr. Pr. Morgen, Ilv. Pd. per. Pr. Morgen, I.v. Pd. per. Pole Scheffel pr. Pr. Morgen, I.v. Pd. per. Pole Scheffel pr. Pr. Morgen, I.v. Pd. per. Pr. Morgen, I.v. Pd. per. Pr. Pr. Morgen, I.v. Pd. per. Pr. Morgen, Pr. Pr. Pr. Morgen, Pr. Pr. Pr. Morgen, Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Morgen, Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr. Pr.	about 18				12 Years 1852-63.	Bushels.	163	35 <u>8</u> 15 <u>4</u>	17	181	36 ⁸	38	34 3 252	228 27	298	358	346 96	33 4	38 <mark>1</mark>	182	315	156	224	213 (12) M (12) M (13) M (14) Pl (14)
		(about) 0.40 Hectare or 1.59 F (about) 0.36 Hectolitre or 0.91 Z (about) 0.45 Hectolitre or 0.91 Z (about) 0.45 Kilogramme or 0.91 Z	(about) 0.9 Hectolitre per Hectare or	= (about) 1.12 Kilogramme per Hectare or (about) 125.5 Kilogrammes per Hectare or	Manures, per acre, per annum.	membrashhate of Linne (three times as much as on No. 5 and succeeding Plots)		armyard Manure (14 tons every year)	Immanued conductors)	00 lbs. (b) Sulphate Potass, 100 lbs. (b) Sulphate Soda, 100 lbs. Sulphate Magnesia, 34 cwts. Superphosphate of Lime (b)	00 lbs. 0) Sulphate Potass, 100 lbs. *> Sulphate Soda, 100 lbs. Sulphate Mag., 34 cwts. Superpros, 200 lbs. Ammonia-s 00 lbs. 0) Sulphate Potass, 100 lbs. (*) Sulphate Soda, 100 lbs. Sulphate Mag., 34 cwts. Superpros, 400 lbs. Ammonia-su	00 lbs. (1) Sulphate Potass, 100 lbs. (2) Sulphate Soita, 100 lbs. Sulphate Mag., 34 cwts. Superphos., 600 lbs. Amnonia-sa	001bs. (d) Sculphate Potass, 1001bs. (*) Sculphate Soda, 1001bs. Sulphate Mag., 3½ cwts. Superphos., 5501bs. Nitrate Sod 501bs. Nitrate of Soda (*). (The Nitrate for both 9a and 9b always sown in the Spring.)	00 lbs. Ammonia-salts alone, for 1845, and each year since; Mineral Manure in 1844 00 lbs. Ammonia-salts alone, for 1845, and each year since (except 1846 and 1850); Mineral Manure 1844, ¹ 48, ¹ 56	:	3 1 1		00 lbs, Ammonia-satus, og ewis, ouperpuespanes, and zoo' nas, o surpare of usagreau	ou use, courter for Surphy and the second se	F. cwts. Superphosphate	Thime (11), 300 lbs. Sulphate of Ammonia, and 500 lbs. Råpe-cake	a manured continuously	00 lbs. (0) Sulph. Potass, 100 lbs. (2) Sulph. Soda, 100 lbs. Sulph. Mag., 32 cwts. Superphos., 100 lbs. Muriate Amm	00 lbs. (D Sulph. Potass, 100 lbs. @ Sulph. Soda, 100 lbs. Sulph. Mag., 3§ owts. Superphos., 100 lbs. Sulphate Amn (1) 800 lbs. per annum for Crop of 1858, and previously. (*) 800 lbs. per annum for Crop of 1858, and previously. (*) 2010 lbs. per annum for Crop of 1858, and previously. (*) "Superphosphate of Lime—inial largerensity. (*) "Superpresentation of the superphosphate of Lime—inial largerensity. (*) "Superpresentation in largerensity and manipare superpresentation of Ammonia of Commerce. (*) "Superpresentation in Superpresentation in SS2, 275 lbs. in 1855, 550 lbs. each year since. No Sulphute of the sum amount of Nitrogen as 400 lbs. "Ammonia-salts." (*) "Superpresentation of Superphosphate, in 1852, 275 lbs. in 1855, 850 lbs. each year since. No Sulphute of the sum amount of Nitrogen as 400 lbs. "Ammonia-salts." (*) For 1875 and previously—and with Muriatio instead of Sulphute Add. (*) For 1872 and previously—and with Muriatio instead of Sulphute Add. (*) For 1872 and previously—400 lbs. Sulphute and Muriatio instead of Sulphute Add. (*) For 1872 and previously—500 lbs. Sulphute Add. (*) For 1872 and previously—400 lbs. Sulphute Add. (*) For 1872 and previously—400 lbs. Sulphute Add. (*) For 1872 and previously—500 lbs. Sulphute Annonia, sulf. To the Annonia and Sulphute Add.

GEESCROFT FIELD.

EXPERIMENTS ON THE GROWTH OF OATS YEAR AFTER YEAR ON THE SAME LAND; WITHOUT MANURE, AND WITH DIFFERENT KINDS OF MANURE.

Previous Cropping-1847 and 1848, Clover, Experimental Manures; 1849-1859, Beans, Experimental Manures; 1860, Fallow; 1861 and 1862, Wheat, Unmanured; 1863, Fallow; 1864, Beans, Dunged; 1865, Wheat, Unmanured; 1866, Beans, Unmanured; 1868, Wheat, Unmanured. rimental Oat Cron in 1869 First Ex

https://doi.org/10.23637/ERADOC-1-241

					•				P	RODUCE	PRODUCE PER ACRE.		-						
PLOTS.	MANTRES DER ACED DES ANTW	lsr {	IST SEASON, 1869.	869.	2ND	2ND SEASON, 1870.	1870.	3RD 8	3rd Season, 1871.	871.	4тн 9	4TH SEASON, 1872.	872.	5 HT	5тн Season, 1873.	873.	AVERA 5 YEA	AVERAGE PER ANNUM 5 YEARS, 1869-1873.	-1873.
	1	Dresse	Dressed Corn.		Dressed	Dressed Corn.		Dresset	Dressed Corn.		Dressed	Dressed Corn.		Dressed Corn.	Corn.		Dressec	Dressed Corn.	
		Quantity.	Weight per Bushel.	Total Straw.	Quantity.	Weight Per Bushel.	Total Straw.	Quantity.	Weight per Bushel.	Total Straw.	Quantity.	Weight per Bushel.	Total Straw.	Quantity.	Weight per Bushel.	Total Straw.	Quantity.	Weight per Bushel.	Total Straw.
I.	Unmanured	Bushels. 36g	1bs. 36 ² /4	cwts. 194	Bushels. 16 ³ / ₈	1ba. 35	cwts. 9 ¹	Bushels. 20 ^{1/2}	1bs. 33 <u>4</u>	cwts. 114	Bushels. 15	1bs. 364	cwts. 71	Bushels. 10 ²	.1bs. 27g	cwta. 53	Busbels.	1bs. 33≩	cwts. 10 ³ / ₈
73	$ \left\{ \begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	45	383	242	19 ¹	351	95 8	22	351	133	193	373	10%	17	285	88 8	24}	35	138
ø	400 lbs. Ammonia-salts ⁽²⁾	26 <u>1</u>	371	36g	30	34_8^7	174	57 <u>1</u>	363	40_{g}^{s}	553	373	305	363	32 ⁵	$16\frac{3}{4}$	47	35_{8}^{7}	283
4	(400 lbs. Ammonia-sults, 200 lbs. Sulphate Potass, 100 lbs. Sulphate Soda, 100 lbs. Sulphate Magnesia, and 32 ewts. Superphosphate)	75‡	394	54	50 ^g	36	28§	58§	353	50	628	168 191	45_{8}^{1}	484	342	27 ₈	59	37	41 <u>f</u>
ŝ	550 lbs. Nitrate of Soda (3)	$62\frac{1}{4}$	381	$42\frac{3}{4}$	364	35_{4}	23	55	365	343	$42\frac{1}{8}$	365	205	$39\frac{3}{4}$	304	162	47 <u>1</u>	353	274
9	 [550 Ibs. Nitrate of Soda, 200 Ibs. Sulphate Potass, 100 Ibs. Sulphate Soda, 100 Ibs. Sulphate Magnesia, and 3½ ovts. Superphosphate) 	693	38 <u>1</u>	49 ⁷	50	352	284	604	93 93 43	48 ³	44 [§]	374	24	63	33 <u>8</u>	24	57 <u>‡</u>	352	35
	SECOND 5 YEARS; MINREAL MANURES AS BEFORE, AMMONIA-SALES AND NITRATE OF SODA ONLY HALF AS MUCH AS PREVIOUSLY.	MINER.	AL MAN	URES AS	BEFORE,	AMMON	IA-BALTS	IN GNA 8	TRATE O	F SODA	ONLY HA	LF AS M	UCH AS	PREVIOU	SLY.	-			
		6TH S	6TH SEASON, 1874.	374.	7TH SI	7th Season, 1875.	875.	8TH SEA	8TH SEASON, 1876 (5).	6 (^s).	9TH SEA	9TH SEASON, 1877 (°). FALLOW.	7 (°).	10тн 8	10TH SEASON, 1878.	878.	AVERAC 5 YEAD	AVERAGE FER ANNUM 5 YEARS, 1874-1878.	NNUM 1878.
F	Unmanured	Bushels. 12	$\frac{1bs}{31\frac{1}{2}}$	cwts. 7	Bushels. 12 ¹ / ₂	1bs. 293	cwts. 57	Busbels.	1bs. 32	cwts. 25	Bushels.	lbs.	cwts.	Bushels.	lbs.	cwts.	Bushels.	lbs.	cwts.
61	$ \left\{ \begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	135	314	62	13_g^1	294	67	78	30	288			-	3	ł			•	
\$	200 lbs. Ammonia-salts (²)	374	334	22 ⁸	308	325	158 .	175 8	348	9		2				2			
4	(2001bs, Ammonia-salts, 2001bs, Sulphate Potass, 1001bs, Sulphate Soda, 1001bs, Sulphate Magnesia, and 31 cwts, Superphosphate	$46_{\frac{3}{4}}$	34 ⁵	245	30 ⁵	343	204	294	351	123	1								
5	275 lbs. Nitrate of Soda $(^3)$	353 (4)	30 (1)	162 (*)	$23\frac{1}{2}(4)$	314 (⁴)	118 (1)	$12\frac{3}{4}$	303	31	Î		2					4	
9	[275 Ibs. Nitrate of Soda, 200 Ibs. Sulphate Potass, 100 Ibs. Sulphate Soda, 100 Ibs. Sulphate Magnesia, and 31 ewts. Superphosphate	28 ¹ ₂ (⁴) 33 ¹ ₂ (⁴)		16§ (⁴)	28 ⁵ / ₈ (⁴)	33 ₈ (⁴) 14 ⁴ / ₂ (⁴)	14½ (¹)	195	334	00	1		T		-				
		-	100	10			11	N	1	11			M						

This work is licensed under a <u>Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International License</u>.

(5)

в 3

" Superphasiphite of Lime"—in all cases, made from 200 lbs. Bone-ash, 150 lbs. Sulphuric Acid sp. gr. 1.7 (and water).
 " A Immonia-salts"—in each case, equal parts Sulphate and Muriate of Ammonia of Commerce.
 550 lbs. Nitrate of Sola is reclored to contain the same amount of Nitrogen as 400 lbs. "Ammonia-salts"
 " So lbs. Nitrate of Sola is relored to contain the same amount of Nitrogen as 400 lbs. "Ammonia-salts"
 O wing to the extremely wet condition of the land, septicitly on the Nitrate plots, it was not sown until April 6, and then with a very unfivourable condition for soving, and the plant was very irregular.
 O wing to the very wet winter, 1876-7, the land, one worked in time for soving, and the plant, the plant, ...
 O wing to the very wet winter, 1876-7, the land could not be worked in time for soving, and the plant.

pp 6

(6)

EXPERIMENTS ON THE GROWTH OF LEGUMINOUS CROPS.

I.-BEANS, PEAS, AND TARES-GEESCROFT FIELD.

EXPERIMENTS on the growth of Leguminous corn-crops (beans, peas, and tares), with different descriptions of manure, were commenced in 1847, about nine acres being devoted to the purpose.

Experiments with BEANS were continued for thirteen consecutive seasons, to 1859 inclusive; but, during the later years, the crop fell off very much, and the land became very foul.

In 1860 the land was fallowed.

In 1861 a crop of wheat, without manure, was taken.

In 1862 beans were again sown, but with some variation in the manuring.

In 1863 the land was fallowed.

In 1864, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9, beans were grown, with much the same manures on the same plots, each year, as in 1862.

In the winter of 1869-70, 5000 lbs. of fresh burnt lime were applied per acre, over all the plots.

In 1870 beans were grown with the same manures on the respective plots as in 1864-69.

In October 1870 winter beans were sown (without manure), but the plants were to so great an extent destroyed by the severe weather which followed, that, in April 1871, the crop was ploughed up, and the land left fallow.

During the winter and early spring of 1871-2, the land was so wet that it could not be prepared in time for sowing. It was therefore left fallow for 1872, at the end of May subsoiled to a depth of about 12 inches, and re-ploughed in July. The winter and early spring of 1872-3 were also so extremely wet, that it was again impossible to prepare the land in time for sowing; it was, however, ploughed up towards the end of March, again left fallow, and re-ploughed in July and October (1873). On February 2, 1874, the land was again set with Beans, but without manure. In 1875 Beans were re-sown, with the same manures on the respective plots as in 1864-1870; but owing to the wetness of the land in the first instance, and the subsequent hindrance by other spring sowing, they were not put in until April 1 and 2. The wetness of the winter 1875-6, again prevented the preparation of the land in due time; and, though the manures were sown, and the land ploughed, it was left fallow during the summer of 1876. Winter Beans were put in (drilled), without further manuring, early in October, 1876.

The general result of the experiments with BEANS has been that mineral constituents used as manure (more particularly potass), increased the produce very much during the early

years; and, to a certain extent, afterwards, whenever the season was favourable for the crop. Ammonia-salts, on the other hand, produced very little effect; notwithstanding that a Leguminous crop contains two, three, or more times as much nitrogen as a Graminaceous one grown under similar conditions as to soil, &c. Nitrate of soda has, however, produced marked effects. But Leguminous crops grown too frequently on the same land seem to be peculiarly subject to disease, which no conditions of manuring that we have hitherto tried seem to obviate.

Experiments with PEAS were soon abandoned, owing to the difficulty of keeping the land free from weeds, and an alternation of BEANS and WHEAT was substituted ; the beans being manured much as in the experiments with the same crop grown continuously as above described. But the wetness of the winter of 1871-72 prevented the sowing of the Beans for the season of 1872; and again the wetness of the autumn and winter of 1872-3 prevented the sowing of the wheat until April 4, 1873, when Nursery wheat was put in, which, however, did not come to maturity, but was cut in the middle of September, yielding about 27 cwts. of gross produce per acre, containing too little corn to be worth thrashing. The land was ploughed in October 1873, and sown with beans February 3, 1874. On October 23, 1874, wheat was sown without manure. Beans should have been sown in 1876; indeed, the manures were sown, but, for the reason stated above, the land was left fallow; and wheat was put in October 24 (1876).

In alternating WHEAT with BEANS, the remarkable result had been obtained, that nearly as much wheat, and nearly as much nitrogen, were yielded in eight crops of wheat in alternation with the highly nitrogenous beans, as in sixteen crops of wheat grown consecutively without manure in another field, and also nearly as much as were obtained in a third field in eight crops alternated with bare fallow.

Experiments with TARES, like those with Peas, were soon abandoned, and for the same reasons. Beans were at first substituted, with some variation in the description of the manures employed; but this experiment has likewise been abandoned for some years. At the present time (1877) the land is devoted to an experiment on the comparative manure-value of decorticated cotton-cake and Indian corn-meal. Cake, at the rate of 1000 lbs. per acre, has been consumed by sheep on one portion, and an equal weight of Indian meal on another portion; the two lots also receiving equal weights of mangolds and straw-chaff; and the land is about to be sown with swedes.

(7)

EXPERIMENTS ON THE GROWTH OF LEGUMINOUS CROPS-continued.

II.-RED CLOVER (Trifolium pratense)-Hoos FIELD.

EXPERIMENTS on the growth of Clover, with many different descriptions of manure, were commenced in 1849, and, with the occasional interposition of a corn-crop, or fallow, have been continued up to the present time.

As with other Leguminous crops, the result was, that mineral constituents applied as manure (particularly potass) considerably increased the early crops; whereas ammonia-salts had little or no beneficial effect, and were sometimes injurious. It may be added that, even up to the present, the beneficial effects of long previous applications of potass are apparent when there is any growth at all. To go a little more into detail :--

In the first year, 1849, the crops were throughout very heavy ; especially with mineral, and without nitrogenous manure.

In autumn 1849 wheat was sown, and in spring 1850 Red Clover. In 1851 small cuttings were taken; and in 1852, though the crops were not heavy, there was by no means a failure. Since that time, however, all attempts to grow clover year after year on the same land have failed to give anything like a full crop, or a plant which would stand the usual time on the ground. Small cuttings were obtained in the autumns of 1855 and 1859 from seed sown in the spring of those years, and small but rather heavier cuttings in June and August 1865, from seed sown in 1864.

On two occasions (1851 and 1854) heavy dressings of Farmyard dung were applied to some of the plots; and in 1854 some received a dressing of 20 tons of dung, and 5000 lbs. of lime, per acre.

On some portions of the land Clover was sown 10 times during the 23 years, 1848–1870, and more frequently alone than with a corn-crop; but in 7 out of the last 8 trials the plant died off in the winter and spring succeeding the sowing the seed.

In view of these failures in the field, it is a fact of much interest, that in 1854 Red Clover was sown in a garden, only a few hundred yards distant from the experimental field, on soil which has been under ordinary garden cultivation for probably two or three centuries, and it has every year since shown very luxuriant growth. Seed was re-sown in 1860, 1865, 1868, and 1871. A small cutting was taken in the autumn of 1871, two cuttings in 1872, and two in 1873. Notwithstanding some injury from dodder in 1873, there still remained too much plant to break up; and, accordingly, fresh seed was sown between the rows on May 4, and this failing, again on July 7, 1874. Small cuttings were taken June 11, July 22, and September 30, 1874. A small cutting was again taken on June 22, 1875. On July 13 the old plants were dug in, and seed again sown, and this failing, seed was re-sown September 22. In spring 1876 there was luxuriant growth, but deficient plant; from which two small cuttings were taken, on June 26, and August 7. On September 1, the beds were dug up, and resown with seed, which came up fairly, but the plant suffered during the winter, and now (May 1877) it has been dug up and resown. This, (1877) is, therefore, the 24th season of the growth of Clover, year after year, on this plot of garden ground.

In reference to the field experiments, it may be added that, in 1864, a portion of the land was trenched 2 feet deep, and one-third of the manure was mixed with the layer from 24 to 16 inches, one-third from 16 to 8 inches, and the remainder from 8 inches upwards. Owing to the characters of the season, the mechanical condition of the land was at first very unfavourable after this treatment; but, although many years have now clapsed, and the excess of constituents supplied was in some cases considerable, the plant has died off as completely on these plots as elsewhere.

Again, in the winter of 1867-8 small portions of the experimental land were dug, some to the depth of 9 inches, some to the depth of 18, some to the depth of 27, and some to the depth of 36 inches, and sown to the respective depths with different mixtures; supplying in some cases very large amounts of potass, soda, lime, magnesia, phosphoric acid, sulphuric acid, nitrate of soda, &c. From other similar sized plots, the soil was removed to the depths of 9, 18, and 27 inches respectively, and replaced by soil taken at the same depths from the garden border, on a portion of which clover had been grcwn successfully since 1854, as above referred to. In April 1868 clover was sown over the whole of these small plots, and on some other portions of the land not so treated; but the plant for the most part died off during the following winter.

In April 1869 the same portions were re-sown, small quantities of clover were cut in September of that year, but the plant again died off in the winter.

In April 1870 Clover was sown over the whole of the experimental land, this time in conjunction with Barley; but on those portions which had also been sown in 1868 and 1869 the plant again died off during the winter and early spring; whilst from those which had not been sown in 1868 and 1869 two small cuttings were taken in 1871. In the spring of 1872, the plant being then almost entirely gone, the land was ploughed up. It was again ploughed in July 1872, and in March 1873; the intention being to sow some other Leguminous crop; but owing to the wetness and lateness of the season this was not done; the land was again left fallow, and re-ploughed in the beginning of June and the end of July (1873). On May 4, 1874, the land was again ploughed, and sown with Red Clover seed, May 5, without manure. The plant came up well, and was very forward in September, when the flowering stems were cut down, but left on the land. During the winter and early spring the plant on those portions from which cuttings had been taken in 1871 almost entirely failed, and the land was ploughed up in May, and again in August (1873); whilst on those from which none had been taken since 1869 a fair plant remained, and two small cuttings were obtained, namely on June 23, and on August 9 and 12 (1875). On September 22, this portion of the land was ploughed up. In May (1876) the whole was re-ploughed, again in July and September, and left fallow. At the present time (May 1877) Barley has been sown over the whole, but without further manuring.

In the spring of 1871 the *small* plots in the field were again re-sown, and those of the garden-soil were entirely enclosed, both around and above, by galvanised wire netting. Small

в4

(8)

EXPERIMENTS ON THE GROWTH OF LEGUMINOUS CROPS-continued.

cuttings were taken from these small beds in July 1872, and (excepting from the garden-soil plots, which had yielded considerably more than the others in 1872) larger cuttings were taken in July 1873. The produce was the largest where potass and nitrate of soda were employed, and where they were applied in the largest quantity, and at the greatest depths. In April 1874 there was still some healthy plant on all the plots, but it was considered to be too irregular to preserve. It was, therefore, dug in. The artificially-manured plots were remanured as before, but only to the depth of 9 inches, and seed was sown on May 4th, July 6th, and October 22nd; each time the plant coming up well, but subsequently dying off. On the Garden soil plots, the plant from the first sowing (May 4), for the most part stood; requiring only to be made good here and there on July 6; and in September small cuttings were taken. In May, 1875, the plant was entirely gone on the artificiallymanured plots, which were then dug up, and prepared for resowing. On the garden soil plots, though the rows were imperfect, some healthy plants still remained, and gave a small cutting on June 22. On July 24 these plots were dug up; and they, as well as the artificially manured ones just referred to, were re-sown with seed. All came up well, but in May (1876), the plants on the garden soil plots were entirely gone, and those on the artificially manured ones nearly so, but they yielded small cuttings on July 17. More small plots were arranged in the spring of 1874; on which the manures were dug in, at the various depths, on May 11th to 14th, and the seed sown on May 16th. One series received sulphate of potass only, another nitrate of soda only, and a third the two together. The plants came up fairly well, but there were some blanks in the rows, which were re-sown on October 22 (1874). A cutting was taken on June 22 and 23 (1875); the blanks in the rows were re-sown on July 24; a second cutting taken on August 17; and the blanks again re-sown on September 22 (1875). The plant was the most even on the plots with sulphate of potass, less so on those with nitrate of soda, and less still on those with both together. The amount of produce was also greater with each of the manures used separately, than with the mixture of the two. The plants on these new artificially manured plots, like those on the older ones, showed failure in the spring of 1876; but also, like them, gave small cuttings in July. All the small beds were dug up in August; the artificially manured ones remanured as in 1874, the manures dug in to a depth of 9 inches, and seed was sown on September 1, which came up, but the plants died off on all the plots in the winter of 1876-7. At the present time, May 1877, all the small beds are dug up, and sown with Barley and Clover.

The general result of the experiments in the field has beenthat neither organic matter rich in carbon as well as other constituents, nor ammonia-salts, nor nitrate of soda, nor mineral constituents, nor a complex mixture, supplied as manure, availed to restore the clover-yielding capabilities of the land; though, where some of these were applied in large quantity, and at considerable depths, the result was better than when they were used in only moderate quantities and applied only on the surface.

On the other hand, it is clear that the garden-soil has supplied the conditions under which clover can be grown year after year on the same land for many years in succession.

The results obtained on the garden-soil seem to show that what is called "clover-sickness," cannot be due to the injurious influence of excreted matters upon the immediately succeeding crop.

That Clover frequently fails coincidently with injury from parasitic plants, or insects, cannot be disputed; but it may be doubted whether such injury should be reckoned as the cause, or merely the concomitant and an aggravation, of the failing condition.

The results of the experiments seem, therefore, to exclude the supposition that the primary cause of failure is either destruction by parasitic plants or insects, injury from excreted matters, or the shade of a corn-crop, and to indicate that it must be looked for in exhaustion of the soil. Still there remain several open questions. Is it exhaustion of certain organic matters rich in carbon, of nitrogenous food, or of mineral constituents? Again: is there an absolute deficiency in the soil of some of the substances in question, or only an unfavourable condition of combination, or, so to speak, of *soil-digestion* of them, for the requirements of Leguminous plants? Or, is there only an unfavourable distribution of them within the soil, considered in relation to the extent and character of the root-range of the crop?

These various suggestions cannot be further considered within the limits of this brief notice, which may be concluded by the following quotation from Rothamsted papers on the subject ('Journal of the Royal Agricultural Society of England,' vol. xxi. Part I. p. 178; and 'Journal of the Royal Horticultural Society of London,' vol. iii. p. 86, 1872).

"When land is not what is called 'clover-sick,' the crop of clover may frequently be increased by top-dressings of manure containing potass and superphosphate of lime; but the high price of salts of potass, and the uncertainty of the action of manures upon the crop, render the application of artificial manures for clover a practice of doubtful economy.

"When the land is what is called 'clover-sick,' none of the ordinary manures, whether 'artificial' or natural, can be relied upon to secure a crop.

"So far as our present knowledge goes, the only means of insuring a good crop of Red Clover is to allow some years to elapse before repeating the crop upon the same land."

(9)

EXPERIMENTS ON ROOT-CROPS.-BARN FIELD.

Experiments with Turnips were commenced in 1843. Eight acres, divided into numerous Plots, were set apart for the purpose, and the crop was grown for ten consecutive years on the same land; "Norfolk Whites" 1843-1848, and "Swedes" 1849-1852; on some Plots without manure, and on others with different descriptions of manure.
Barley was then grown for three consecutive seasons, 1853-1855, without manure, in order to test the comparative corn-growing condition of the different Plots, and also to equalise their condition, as far as possible, by the exhaustion of some of the most active and immediately available constituents supplied by the previous manuring.
A new series of experiments with Swedes was arranged in 1856, having regard to the character of the manures previously applied on the different Plots, and to the results previously obtained. This second series was continued for fifteen years, namely, from 1856 to 1870 inclusive.
The results obtained with Norfolk Whites in the first three years, 1843, 1844, and 1845, were published in the 'Journal of the Royal Agricultural Society of England,' vol. viii. Part IL, 1847; and an abstract of the results obtained from 1845 to 1870 inclusive, is given in the Table below.
During the five years, 1871-1875, the land was devoted to experiments with Sugar-Beet, for particulars of which see pp. 10 and 11.
In 1876 experiments with Mangold-wurzel were substuted, and are still in progress (see p. 12).

(Area under experiment, about 8 acres; quantities, average, per acre, per annum.)

NORFOLK WHITE TURNIPS; FOUR SEASONS, 1845-1848; Roots and Leaves carted off the Land.

	A			E	ach Plot as	Series 1, and	d Cross-dre	ssed as unde	r—	
	SERIES 1. Manures as under ; no Cross-dressing.			SERIES 2. No Cross-dressing.	160 lbs. Amr 75 lbs.	ES 3. Sulphate a≏nia. Muriate nonia.	160 lbs. Amr 75 lbs. Amr	tes 4. Sulphate nonia. Muriate nonia. Rape-cake.		ES 5. Rape-cake,
				- Average	Produce, p	er Acre, per	Annum,			
		Roots.	Leaves.		Roots.	Leaves.	Roots.	Leaves.	Roots.	Leaves,
PLOTS. 3 4 5 6 7	Gypsum 1845; without Manure 1846 and since (average 1846, 7, 8) Superphosphate, each year; Potass, Soda, and Magnesia, 1847-8 Superphosphate, each year; Superphosphate, each year; and Potass 1847-8	Tons. cwts. 1 4 8 1 8 16 8 0	Tons. cwts. 0 17 2 15 2 19 2 19 2 19	n X E E	Tons. cwts. 1 7 9 15 9 18 9 16	Tons. cwts. 1 0 4 3 4 8 5 4	Tons. cwts. 5 10 10 5 10 1 10 7	Tons. cwts. 3 19 6 1 6 3 6 17	Tons. cwts. 6 11 11 2 10 18 10 17	Tons. cwts. 3 3 4 12 4 15 5 7

SWEDISH TURNIPS; FOUR SEASONS, 1849-1852; Roots and Leaves carted off the Land (excepting 1849, when the Leaves were too small to weigh or remove).

	Series 1.			Each Plot a		and Cross-dr oss-dressing			9 and 1830.	
	Manures as under; no Cross-dressing.			SERIES 2. No Cross-dressing.	Seri 200 lbs. Am		SERI 200 lbs. Am 2000 lbs.		SERIE 2000 lbs. H	
		Roots.	Leaves.		Roots.	Leaves.	Roots.	Leaves.	Roots.	Leaves.
PLOTS. 3 4 5 6 7	Without Manure, 1846 and since Superphosphate, Sulphates Potass and Magnesia, and Soda-ash Superphosphate Superphosphate, and Sulphate Potass	Tons. cwts. 2 6 7 17 7 9 6 16	Tons. ewts. 0 6 0 10 0 11 0 9		Tons. cwts. 3 17 9 9 8 14 8 14	Tons. cwts. 0 6 0 11 0 13 0 10	Tons. cwts. 7 0 13 1 11 4 12 8	Tons. cwts. 0 17 0 18 1 1 0 17	Tons. cwts. 7 14 12 7 10 10 11 14	Tons. cwts. 0 13 0 15 0 17 0 14

BARLEY, without Manure (after Roots manured as above); THREE SEASONS, 1853-1855.

						s	ERIES	1.					SEBIES 2.	SER	es 3.	Seri	25 4.	Serie	ES 5.
											Dressed Corn.	Straw.		Dressed Corn.	Straw.	Dressed Corn.	Straw.	Dressed Corn.	Straw.
PLOTS. 3 4 5 6 7 }	 	944 344	 	 	•	:: :: :	••• •••		 ::	 	Bushels, 18% 20% 21 18%	Cwts. 12½ 12¼ 11¼ 11% 10%		Bushels, 201 221 23 201 23 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201	Cwts. 125 13 12 <u>3</u> 117 117	Bushels. 24 ¹ / ₂ 25 26 ³ / ₄ 25	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Cwts.} \\ 15_8^3 \\ 14_{\frac{8}{4}}^3 \\ 15 \\ 14_8^2 \end{array}$	Bushels. 25 ⁷ 25 ¹ 27 25	Cwts. 16 147 151 151 147 147

SWEDISH TURNIPS; FIFTEEN SEASONS, 1856-1870. (1) Roots and Leaves carted off the Land.

					Ēa	ich Plot as S	Series 1, and	1 Cross-dres	sed as unde	r—	
-	SERIES 1. Manures as under; no Cross-dressing.			5 years, 1 3000 lbs. 328 lbs. N 10 years, 1	ES 2. 856-1860. Saw-dust. itric Acid. 1861-1870. itrate Soda.		.861-1870.	5 years, 1 200 lbs. Am 3000 lbs. 10 years, 400 lbs. Am	ES 4. 856-1860. Imonia-salts. Sawdust. 1861-1870. monia-salts. Rape-cake.	5 years, 1 3000 lbs. 10 years, 1	
		Roots.	Leaves.	Roots.	Leaves,	Roots.	Leaves.	Roots.	Leaves.	Roots.	Leaves.
PLOTS. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Farmyard Manure, 14 tons Farmyard Manure, 14 tons, and Superphosphate Without Manure, 1846, and since Superphosph., each year; Sulph. Potass, Soda, and Magnesia, 1856-60 Superphosphate, each year; Sulphate Potass, 1856-1860 Superphosphate, each year; Sulphate Potass, 1856-1860 Superphosph, each year; Sulph. Potass, and 36½ Amm-salts, 1856-60 Unman. 1853, and since; previously part Unman.; part Superphosph.	$\begin{array}{cccc} {\rm Tons, cwts.} & 6 & 4 \\ 6 & 7 \\ 0 & 11 \\ 2 & 16 \\ 2 & 12 \\ 2 & 7 \\ 2 & 12 \\ 1 & 3 \end{array}$	Tons. cwts. 0 17 0 16 0 3 0 8 0 9 0 7 0 7 0 4	Tons. cwts. 7 9 7 13 0 19 5 2 4 13 4 11 4 13 1 13	$\begin{array}{cccc} {\rm Tons.\ cwts.} & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 3 \\ 0 & 4 \\ 0 & 16 \\ 0 & 18 \\ 0 & 14 \\ 0 & 14 \\ 0 & 5 \\ \end{array}$	Tons. cwts. 8 8 5 0 13 4 12 3 16 4 5 4 12 1 2	$\begin{array}{cccc} {\rm Tons.\ cwts.} & 1 & 4 \\ 1 & 5 \\ 0 & 3 \\ 0 & 14 \\ 0 & 15 \\ 0 & 13 \\ 0 & 14 \\ 0 & 5 \end{array}$	Tons. cwts. 8 16 8 14 3 6 6 12 5 16 6 6 6 15 3 19	$\begin{array}{cccc} {\rm Tons.\ ewts.} & 1 & 9 \\ 1 & 9 \\ 0 & 14 \\ 1 & 6 \\ 1 & 7 \\ 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 4 \\ 0 & 18 \end{array}$	Tons, cwts. 8 0 7 16 3 8 5 8 5 0 5 3 5 9 3 14	$\begin{array}{cccc} {\rm Tons.\ cwts.} \\ {\bf l} & {\bf 4} \\ {\bf l} & {\bf 2} \\ {\bf 0} & {\bf 13} \\ {\bf 0} & {\bf 17} \\ {\bf 0} & {\bf 19} \\ {\bf 0} & {\bf 16} \\ {\bf 0} & {\bf 17} \\ {\bf 0} & {\bf 19} \end{array}$

Norz.--"Sulplate of Ammonia" is estimated to contain 23 per cent. Ammonia, and "Muriate of Ammonia" 27 per cent, "Ammonia-salts," in each case, equal parts Sulplate and Muriate of Ammonia of commerce; and the mixture is estimated to contain 25 per cent. Ammonia. The 328 lbs. Nitric Acid (Sp. gr. 1:35), mixed with sawdust, and used as a cross-dressing on the Plots of Series 2, from 1856-1860, were estimated to contain Nitrogen = 5) lts. (1) The crops of 1859 and 1860 failed, and were ploughed in; but, as the manures were applied, and there would be accumulation within the soil for the succeeding crops, the average produce is calculated as for 15 years, that is the produce of the 13 years is, in each case, divided by 15.

в 5

(10)

EXPERIMENTS ON SUGAR BEET (VILMORIN'S GREEN-TOP WHITE SILESIAN)-BARN FIELD.

GROWN YEAR AFTER YEAR ON THE SAME LAND, WITHOUT MANURE, AND WITH DIFFERENT DESCRIPTIONS OF MANURE, COMMENCING 1871.

GROWN YEAR AFTER YEAR ON THE SAME LAND, WITHOUT MANURE, AND WITH DIFFERENT DESCRIPTIONS OF MANURE, COMMENCING 1871.
 Previous Cropping :--1843-'48 (6 Seasons), experiments on Norfolk White Turnips, with different descriptions of Manure. 1849-'52 (4 Seasons), experiments on Swede Turnips, with different descriptions of Manure. 1853-'55 (3 Seasons), Barley without Manure (with a view as far as possible to equalise the condition of the Plots). 1856-'70 (15 Seasons), experiments on Swede Turnips, with different descriptions of Manure, in which the arrangement of the Plots was the same, and that of the Manures very similar—in fact, exactly the same during the last 10 years—as in the first year of Sugar Beet, excepting that, during those 10 years, the Alkalies were omitted for the Swedes. For the second and subsequent years of Sugar Beet slight alterations in the Mineral Manures were made, and in the fourth and fifth years the Farmyard Manure, Nitrate of Soda, Ammonia-salts, and Rape-cake were omitted, as will be seen below. Seed dibbled on the fat; in rows 22 inches apart, and 11 inches apart in the rows; plants moulded up afterwards. Roots all carted off, Leaves weighed, spread on the respective Plots, and ploughed in. Area under experiment about 8 acres. The experiments are arranged as under in 5 Series, each of which accurate 8 Plots

Area under experiment about 8 acres. The experiments are arranged as under, in 5 Series, each of which comprises 8 Plots.

Manures per Aero per App

			Manu	ires, per A	ore, per Ar	num.						
	Plots,	Series 1.			Each Plot and Cross	ues 2. t as Series 1, -dressed with Nitrate Soda.	Each Plot and Cross 400 lbs.	tes 3. t as Series 1, -dressed with "Ammonia- ults."	Each Plot and Cross- 2000 lbs and 400	IES 4. t as Series 1, dressed with . Rape-cake, lbs. "Am- a-salts."	Each Plot and Cross-	AES 5. as Series 1, dressed with . Rape-cake.
			FIRST	SEASON,	1871.						0	
				PR	ODUCE PER	ACRE (Roo	g, not as for	not as for Sugar-making).				
s:			Roots.	Leaves,	Roots.	Leaves.	Roots.	Leaves,	Roots.	Leaves.	Roots.	Leaves,
] 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Farmyard Manure (14 tons) Farmyard Manure (14 tons), and 3½ ewts. Superphosphate (¹) Without Manure (1846, and since) (3½ ewts. Superphosphate, 300 lbs. Sulphate Potass, 200 lbs. Sulphate Soda, 100 lbs. Sulphate Magnesia 3½ ewts. Superphosphate 3½ ewts. Superphos, 300 lbs. Sulph. Potass 3½ ewts. Superphos, 300 lbs. Sulph. Pot., 36} lbs. Ammsalts (²) Unmanured, 1853, and since; previously part Unman., part Superphos.	Tons. cwts. 18 3 14 13 7 11 7 11 5 12 5 1 5 18 7 10	Tons. cwts. 3 5 2 14 2 0 1 5 1 8 1 4 1 5 1 14	Tons, cwts, 27 13 25 16 22 3 22 15 20 19 21 5 20 19 21 3	Tons. cwts. 6 19 5 15 5 12 4 8 3 14 3 13 3 18 3 16	Tons. cwts. 22 1 21 15 15 6 17 10 15 4 17 4 18 8 16 2	Tons. cwts. 5 6 4 6 4 16 3 5 3 19 3 4 4 3 4 15	Tons. cwts. 26 4 25 2 19 18 22 15 19 18 23 11 21 0 17 19	Tons. cwts, 6 14 6 7 7 0 6 3 7 12 6 11 5 0 7 11 11	Tons. cwts. 28 18 25 4 20 16 21 7 18 19 21 0 21 7 20 7	Tons. cwts. 5 14 5 5 4 12 3 19 4 5 3 11 3 17 4 9
	_		SECOND	SEASON,	1872 <mark>.</mark>	(B)						
	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Farmyard Manure (14 tons) Furmyard Manure (14 tons), and 3½ ewts. Superphosphate (1) Without Manure (1846, and since) (3½ ewts. Superphosphate, 500 lbs. Sulphate Potass, 200 lbs. Chloride) Sodium (common salt), 200 lbs. Sulphate Magnesia 3½ ewts. Superphosphate 3½ ewts. Superphos, 500 lbs. Sulph. Potass, 31½ lbs. Ammsalts (7) Unmanured, 1853, and since; previously part Unman., part Superphos.	Tons. cwts. 15 13 16 0 7 17 6 14 6 17 6 6 6 15 5 4	Tons. cwts. 4 2 3 18 1 13 1 10 1 8 1 5 1 8 1 5 1 5	Tons. cwts. 23 9 24 6 21 7 20 2 19 6 16 16 16 16 17 0 15 6 15 6 15 6 16 16 16 16 17 0 15 6 15 6 15 16 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 16 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 <th15< th=""> <th16< th=""></th16<></th15<>	Tons. cwts. 7 19 8 16 6 6 5 19 6 4 5 14 6 1 5 19	Tons. cwvis. 22 14 22 0 15 3 15 10 14 5 14 7 15 9 13 10	Tons. cwts. 9 0 7 16 4 13 3 7 4 13 3 19 3 19 4 1	Tons. cwts. 26 8 25 9 20 8 23 8 18 11 22 16 23 9 19 12	Tons, cwts. 9 11 9 14 10 1 7 13 10 4 9 9 9 10 9 17	Tons. cwts. 22 5 26 15 16 3 17 18 15 18 15 18 15 17 15 10 15 0	Tons. cwts. 6 1 5 11 - 3 11 3 15 3 16 3 14 3 15 4 6
			THIRD	SEASON,	1873.							-
	5 6 7	Farmyard Manure (14 tons) Farmyard Manure (14 tons) and 3½ cwts. Superphosphate (1) Without Manure (1846, and since) (3½ cwts. Superphosphate, 500 lbs. Sulphate Potass, 200 lbs. Chloride) Sodium (common salt), 200 lbs. Sulphate Magnesia 3½ cwts. Superphosphate 3½ cwts. Superphose, 500 lbs. Sulph. Potass 3½ cwts. Superphose, 500 lbs. Sulph. Potass, 36½ lbs. Ammsalts (*) Ummanured, 1853, and since; previously part Unman., part Superphos.	Tons. cwts. 15 2 14 6 5 1 5 2 5 5 4 12 5 19 4 11	Tons. cwts. 5 12 5 2 1 11 1 13 1 11 1 5 1 12 1 7	Tons. cwts. 20 5 21 10 14 5 16 9 18 8 15 17 16 14 12 9	Tons. cwts. 10 9 11 0 6 11 6 11 5 13 4 4 5 3 5 18	Tons. cwts. 22 2 19 4 9 3 12 10 10 19 12 18 13 0 8 8	Tons. cwts. 9 18 8 9 3 16 3 10 5 0 3 12 4 15 2 19	Tons. cwts. 22 15 23 7 15 12 20 3 14 15 20 2 19 16 15 2	Tons. cwis. 12 10 13 6 9 11 8 0 9 8 9 5 9 0 9 8 9 5 9 0 9 8	Tons. cwts. 23 10 21 18 14 13 16 1 13 19 14 14 15 17 12 2	Tons. cw/s. 7 8 6 18 4 1 3 8 4 9 3 11 4 4 3 16
		FOURTH SEASON, 1874 (3). Mineral Manures as in 1872 and 1873	; but no I	Farmyard I	Manure, or	cross-dress	ings of Ni	trate Soda,	Ammonia	-salts, or R	ape-cake.	
	2 3 4 5 6 7	Without Manure, 1874 and 1875 (Farmyard Manure in '71, '72, '73) 34 evts. Superphosphate (with Farmyard Manure, '71, '72, '73) 35 evts. Superphosphate, 500 lbs. Sulphate Potass, 200 lbs. Chloride) Sodium (common salt), 200 lbs. Sulphate Magnesia 31 evts. Superphosphate	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Tons. cwts.} \\ 10 \ 16 \\ 13 \ 3 \\ 5 \ 2 \\ 6 \ 10 \\ 5 \ 19 \\ 5 \ 11 \\ 6 \ 14 \\ 5 \ 0 \end{array}$	Tons. cwts. 5 6 5 9 1 5 1 8 1 7 1 5 1 3 1 2	Tons. cwts. 11 14 7 9 3 2 8 16 7 10 8 1 9 5 7 13	Tons. cwts. 8 9 4 16 2 6 3 6 3 6 2 14 2 11 2 16	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Tons. cwts.} \\ 11 & 7 \\ 9 & 5 \\ 3 & 7 \\ 7 & 10 \\ 7 & 6 \\ 8 & 1 \\ 8 & 15 \\ 6 & 10 \end{array}$	Tons. cwts. 8 3 5 17 2 2 2 0 2 8 1 18 1 14 2 0	Tons. cwts. 13 7 12 5 2 11 10 12 7 15 9 10 11 14 7 6	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Tons. cwts.} & , \\ 9 & 17 \\ 7 & 7 \\ 2 & 10 \\ 4 & 16 \\ 5 & 4 \\ 4 & 13 \\ 4 & 11 \\ 4 & 7 \end{array}$	Tons. cwts. 14 10 13 1 3 19 8 2 5 17 7 13 8 4 3 12	Tons. cwts. 7 8 6 4 2 9 3 11 3 6 3 2 3 9 2 1
	-	FIFTH SEASON, 1875. Mineral Manures as in 1872, 1873, and 1874	; but no	Farmyard	Manure, or	r cross-dres	sings of N	itrate Soda,	Ammonia	a-salts, or J	ape-cake.	7
	2 3 4 5 6 7 8	 Withouti Mahure, 1874 and 1875 (Farmyard Manure in '71, '72, '73) Withouti Manure (1846, and since) Without Manure (1846, and since) Sodium (common sait), 200 lbs. Sulphate Dotass, 200 lbs. Chloride) Sodium (common sait), 200 lbs. Sulphate Magnesia Without Superphosphate. Wets. Superphos, 500 lbs. Sulph. Potass wets. Superphos, 500 lbs. Sulph. Potass wets. Superphos, 500 lbs. Sulph. Pot and Ammsalts '71, '72, '73 Unmanured, 1853, and since ; previously part Unman., part Superphos. 	$ \begin{array}{rrrr} 17 & 5 \\ 15 & 11 \\ 5 & 9 \\ 5 & 9 \\ 5 & 11 \\ 5 & 4 \\ 5 & 11 \\ 4 & 15 \\ \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{c} 2 & 11 \\ 2 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{array}$	19 18 19 18 9 5 9 8 9 19 8 2 7 4	$\begin{array}{c} 2 & 14 \\ 2 & 18 \\ 1 & 12 \\ 1 & 7 \\ 1 & 10 \\ 1 & 4 \\ 1 & 6 \\ 1 & 2 \\ \end{array}$	Ions. cwts. 21 0 18 17 8 0 7 16 7 16 7 1 7 6 6 1	Tons. cwts. 7 3 6 2 18 1 3 1 1 1 4 1 2 1 1 1 4 1 4	Fons. cwts. ? 22 7 20 9 14 1 12 14 13 17 12 8 11 17 12 2	Ions. cwts. 1 3 12 3 5 2 13 1 14 2 8 2 3 1 17 2 11	Fons. cwts. 1 19 13 18 10 11 17 10 3 11 2 10 2 10 6 11 12	Fons. cwts. 2 11 2 1 1 10 1 7 1 14 1 9 1 11 2 13
	(³) On	uperphosphate of Lime"—in all cases made from 200 lbs. Bone-ash, 150 lbs. S hummonia-saits"—in each case equal parts Sulphate and Muriate of Ammonia of ing to the deficiency of Rain for some time after sowing a large proportion of th) upon the whole very deficient and irregular, the remaining plants being large	Commerce.	Semen			1, but not	on the other	plots; and	eventually th	e plant was	(excepting

(11)

EXPERIMENTS ON SUGAR BEET-BARN FIELD-continued.

As it will be some time before we shall be able to report fully the results obtained illustrating the influence of different manures, and different seasons, on the composition of Sugar-beet, an abstract of the analytical results obtained is given below. In interpreting the figures it must be borne in mind that with forty different experiments each year, and in each year 4 or 5 or more times as much produce on some plots as on others, it would be impossible to sample each at its best, and all in the same condition of ripences. Each year the seed was sown on all the Plots at the same time; and the samples (each consisting of the vertical fourths of 10 or 15 roots) were taken from all within a period of about a week, beginning with the ripest. It is obvious, however, that the smaller crops would be much riper than the larger ones. It need only further be observed that although, in comparable cases, the larger crops generally give a juice containing a lower percentage of sugar and higher percentages of mineral matter and of nitrogen, yet, the larger crops yielded very much more sugar over a given area of land.

MEAN PER CENT. SUGAR, MINERAL MATTER (CRUDE ASH), AND NITBOGEN, IN JUICE, in Selected cases, each year; 5 years, 1871-5;

AVERAGE PRODUCE and Composition of the Roots; FIRST THREE SEASONS, 1871, 1872, and 1873.

	-	+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++		or one ne		and THRE						4		<u> </u>
			1		CROSS-DR:	essed Man	URES PER	ACRE PE	ER ANNUM	•				_
FOR MANURES, see page 10.	SERIES 1. No Cross-dressi	ng.	and C	SERIES 2 As Series 1 ross-dresse bs, Nitrate	1, d with	and C	SERIES 3 As Series : ross-dresse . "Ammon	d with	and 0 2000 1	SERIES 4 As Series 1 Cross-dresse bs, Rape-cr . "Ammon	d with tke, and	and (SERIES 5 As Series 1 Cross-dresse) lbs. Rape	d with
	Mean Per Cen	t. Sugai	r, Miner	RAL MAT FIRST S	TER (CR SEASON, 1	ude Ash) 1871.	, and N	ITROGEN,	IN JUICE	2.		1.		
	Sugar. Ash. 2	Nitrogen,	Sugar.	Ash.	Nitrogen.	Sugar.	Ash.	Nitrogen.	Sugar.	Ash.	Nitrogen.	Sugar,	Ash.	Nitrogen.
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Per Cent. Per Cent. <t< td=""><td>Per Cent. 0.096</td><td>Per Cent. 10·27 11·38 11·65 11·02</td><td>Per Cent. 0.897 0.707 0.640 0.742</td><td>Per Cent. 0.166</td><td>Per Cent, 11.63 12.49 12.04 12.12</td><td>Per Cent. 0.776 0.668 0.662 0.742</td><td>Per Cent:</td><td>Per Cent. 9.85 10.42 9.76 10.22</td><td>Per Cent, 0.936 0.764 0.730 0.772</td><td>Per Cent.</td><td>Per Cent. 10:79 12:31 12:47 12:71</td><td>Per Cent. 0.776 0.670 0.582 0.668</td><td>Per Cent.</td></t<>	Per Cent. 0.096	Per Cent. 10·27 11·38 11·65 11·02	Per Cent. 0.897 0.707 0.640 0.742	Per Cent. 0.166	Per Cent, 11.63 12.49 12.04 12.12	Per Cent. 0.776 0.668 0.662 0.742	Per Cent:	Per Cent. 9.85 10.42 9.76 10.22	Per Cent, 0.936 0.764 0.730 0.772	Per Cent.	Per Cent. 10:79 12:31 12:47 12:71	Per Cent. 0.776 0.670 0.582 0.668	Per Cent.
Means of Plots 4, 5, and 6	13.76 0.559	0.096	11.35	0.696	0.166	12.21	0.691	0.141	10.13	0.755	0.224	12.49	0.640	0.133
SECOND SEASON, 1872.														
Plot 1	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0:099 0:091	$ \begin{array}{r} 12 \cdot 67 \\ 12 \cdot 83 \\ 11 \cdot 75 \\ 12 \cdot 51 \end{array} $	0.877 0.810 0.824 0.760	0.146 0.176 	$ \begin{array}{r} 12.58 \\ 14.02 \\ 13.71 \\ 14.17 \end{array} $	0.820 0.698 0.584 0.728	0·123 0·148	$\begin{array}{c} 12 \cdot 70 \\ 13 \cdot 33 \\ 10 \cdot 95 \\ 12 \cdot 79 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 0.844 \\ 0.816 \\ 0.844 \\ 0.780 \end{array}$	0·186 0·236	$ \begin{array}{r} 13.00 \\ 14.08 \\ 13.92 \\ 13.86 \end{array} $	0 818 0 717 0 576 0 661	0·143 0·146
Means of Plots 4 and 5	14.78 0.592	0.092	12.29	0.812	0.161	13.87	0.641	0.136	12.14	0.830	0.211	14.00	0.647	0.145
				THIRD S	EASON, 1	873.								
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	15.02 0.499	0.132 0.110 0.114	$ \begin{array}{r} 11 \cdot 79 \\ 12 \cdot 69 \\ 12 \cdot 11 \\ 13 \cdot 15 \end{array} $	$0.905 \\ 0.831 \\ 0.835 \\ 0.689$	$0.174 \\ 0.179 \\ 0.156$	$11 \cdot 93$ $13 \cdot 80$ $13 \cdot 86$ $13 \cdot 91$	$\begin{array}{c} 0.845 \\ 0.774 \\ 0.555 \\ 0.726 \end{array}$	0.158 0.183 0.126	$ \begin{array}{r} 10.75 \\ 11.80 \\ 12.26 \\ 12.52 \end{array} $	0·948 0·842 0·632 0·781	$0.176 \\ 0.212 \\ 0.198$	$\begin{array}{c} 12 \cdot 25 \\ 13 \cdot 87 \\ 14 \cdot 19 \\ 13 \cdot 66 \end{array}$	0 • 540 0 • 700 0 • 561 0 • 698	$0.147 \\ 0.169 \\ 0.148$
Means of Plots 4, 5, and 6		0.119	12.65	0.785	0.169	13.86	0.685	0.156	12.19	0.752	0.195	13.91	0.653	0.155
FOURTH SEASON, 1874 (1). Min	neral Manures as in	1872 and	l 1873; l	out no Fa	armyard I	Manure, or	r cross-dr	essings of	Nitrate 8	Soda, Am	monia-sal	lts, or Ra	pe-cake.	
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccc} 13 \cdot 79 & 0 \cdot 528 \\ 13 \cdot 69 & 0 \cdot 474 \end{array}$	0·260 0·103 0·109 0·103	$\begin{array}{c} 10.69 \\ 10.24 \\ 10.29 \\ 11.05 \end{array}$	$1.144 \\ 0.756 \\ 0.794 \\ 0.714$	0·135 0·187 0·184	$ \begin{array}{r} 10 \cdot 30 \\ 13 \cdot 06 \\ 13 \cdot 07 \\ 14 \cdot 41 \end{array} $	$1.121 \\ 0.762 \\ 0.662 \\ 0.697$	0·157 0·182 0·143	$\begin{array}{c} 10 \cdot 78 \\ 12 \cdot 23 \\ 12 \cdot 16 \\ 12 \cdot 68 \end{array}$	1 · 129 0 · 865 0 · 650 0 · 781	0·211 0·207 0·208	$ \begin{array}{r} 11 \cdot 42 \\ 13 \ 21 \\ 11 \cdot 39 \\ 11 \cdot 62 \end{array} $	0-935 0·772 0·724 0·816	0·162 0·237 0·189
Means of Plots 4, 5, and 6	13.72 0.499	0.105	10.23	0.755	0.169	13.51	0.707	0.161	12.35	0.765	0.209	12.07	0.771	0.199
FIFTH SEASON, 1875. Mineral M	lanures as in 1872, 1	1873, and	1 1874; 1	but no F	armyard	Manure, c	or cross-d	ressings o	of Nitrate	Soda, An	imonia-sa	lts, or Ra	pe-cake.	-
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c} 0.136 \\ 0.094 \\ 0.104 \\ 0.107 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 12 \cdot 47 \\ 12 \cdot 69 \\ 12 \cdot 73 \\ 13 \cdot 13 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 0.637 \\ 0.606 \\ 0.582 \\ 0.637 \end{array}$	0.106 0.114	$\begin{array}{c} 12 \cdot 12 \\ 12 \cdot 97 \\ 12 \cdot 72 \\ 12 \cdot 85 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 0.675 \\ 0.652 \\ 0.573 \\ 0.663 \end{array}$	0·116 0·113 0·110	$\begin{array}{c} 12 \cdot 65 \\ 12 \cdot 52 \\ 11 \cdot 79 \\ 12 \cdot 19 \end{array}$	0.718 0.674 0.580 0.669	0.115 0.137 0.130	$\begin{array}{c} 12\cdot 18 \\ 12\cdot 30 \\ 12\cdot 43 \\ 12\cdot 73 \end{array}$	0.668 0.695 0.513 0.656	0.115 0.106 0.118
Means of Plots 4, 5, and 6	13.25 0.561	0.102	12.71	0.594	0.110	12.85	0.629	0.113	12.17	0.641	0.134	12.49	0 621	0.113
	Average Produ	UCE AND PLOT 1	Compose (Series	тіол, Fi s I.), Fa	RST THR rmyard I	EE SEASON Janure (14	ks, 1871, 4 Tons).	1872, ar	nd 1873.					
Average produce per acre : Roots	Cwts. 326 86			Cwts. 476 169	đ		Cwts. 446 161		5, 7	Cwts. 502 192	2		Cwts, 498 128	
Total	412			645			607			694		1	626	-
Average Composition of the Roots : Dry Matter - Mineral Matter (ash) in Dry Matter Nitrogen in Dry Matter (?) Sugar in Juice Sugar in Roots, if 95, P.C. Juice	Dry Matter 17.49 Mineral Matter (ash) in Dry Matter 5.00 Nitrogen in Dry Matter (2) 0.83 Sugar in Juice 13.14			Per Cent. 16·11 6·11 1·24 11·58 11·00			Per Cent. 16·56 5·83 1·53 12·05 11·45			Per Cent. 16·23 6·55 1·52 11·10 10·55			Per Cent. 16.66 5.61 1.24 12.01 11.41	
Means o	F PLOTS 4, 5, and	6 (Serie	es I.), Su	perphosp	bhate, wi	th or with	out other	Mineral	Manures,	every yea	ur.			
Average produce per Acre: Cwts. Roots 118 Leaves 28				Cwts, 382 102		Cwts. 290 76			10	Cwts. 413 165			11 - 1 2 2	
Total			484		34	366	-		578			422		
Average Composition of the Roots Per Cent. Dry Matter 18:53 Mineral Matter (ash) in Dry Matter 4:30 Nitrogen in Dry Matter (?) 0:54 Sugar in Juice 14:45 Sugar in Roots, if 95, P.C. Juice 13:73			$\begin{array}{c} \text{Per Cent,} \\ 15.93 \\ 5.73 \\ 1.20 \\ 12.12 \\ 11.51 \end{array}$			$\begin{array}{c} \text{Per Cent.} \\ 1743 \\ 481 \\ 087 \\ 1335 \\ 1268 \end{array}$			1	er Cent. 5 93 5 98 1 52 1 56 0 98	4	Per Cent. 17:66 4:50 0:83 13:45 12:78		
				The state of the s										

(1) Owing to the deficiency of Eain for some time after sowing a large proportion of the plants failed. Some were transplanted on plots 1, but not on the other plots; and eventually the plant was (excepting on plots 1) upon the whole very deficient and irregular, the remaining plants being larger than usual.
 (2) The percentages of Nitrogen in the roots relate to the first year only; but the percentages of Nitrogen determined in the Juice, in selected cases, each year, confirm the indications of the nitrogen in the roots in the first year.

(12)

EXPERIMENTS ON MANGOLD WURZEL.-BARN FIELD (after SUGAR-BEET); commencing 1876.

The arrangement of the Plots is precisely the same as previously for Sugar-beet, excepting that Plot 9, which was unmanured for Sugar-beet, and also previously for Swedes, is now added as a manured Plot. With this exception, the manures are also substantially the same as previously for Sugar-beet, in fact, precisely the same as for the Sugar-beet in 1872 and 1873. Seed, Yellow Globe; dibbled on ridges, rows 26 inches apart; plants 11 inches apart in the rows (3). Area under experiment about 8 acres. Roots all carted off, Leaves weighed, spread on the respective Plots, and ploughed in.

		MANURE	s per Acr	e per Ann	σм.				- 74					
Plots.	Series 1.	Y		and Cross-d	ES 2. ries 1, iressed with itrate Soda.	As Se and Cross- 400 lbs, "	es 3. ries 1, hressed with Ammonia- ts."	As Se and Cross- 2000 lbs. and 400	ES 4. ries 1, dressed with Rape-cake lbs. "Amsalts."	SERII As Ser and Cross-d 2000 lbs, 1	ries 1, ressed with			
		First	Season,	1876 <mark>.</mark>				0		a				
						PRODUCE	PER ACRE.							
		Roots.	Leaves.	Roots.	Leaves.	Roots.	Leaves.	Routs.	Leaves.	Roots.	Leaves.			
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Farmyard Manure (14 tons)	Tons. cwts. 19 12 19 13 6 10 8 8 7 10 6 16 8 13 5 9 	Tons. cwts. 4 9 4 6 1 14 1 15 1 14 1 12 2 3 1 10	Tons. cwts. 25 2 27 13 20 13 25 1 21 0 21 2 22 11 15 16 	Tons, cwts. 7 5 7 3 5 12 6 0 5 14 5 8 5 14 5 3 	Tons. cwts, 29 19 29 8 14 3 19 19 13 10 17 15 19 2 11 17 25 14	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Tons. cwts.} \\ 7 & 12 \\ 7 & 10 \\ 4 & 10 \\ 4 & 9 \\ 5 & 1 \\ 4 & 13 \\ 5 & 11 \\ 4 & 16 \\ 7 & 6 \\ \end{array}$	Tons. cwts. 31 9 30 18 19 19 30 8 17 2 26 8 27 2 18 2 	Tons. cwts. 10 5 9 16 7 7 8 13 7 14 9 0 9 9 7 11 	Tons. cwts. 24 9 29 19 17 4 25 8 17 17 20 10 20 12 15 12	Tons. cwt 5 19 6 12 4 15 5 10 5 17 5 4 5 15 4 18 			
		SECOND	Season,	1877.		1	_		- -	- 8	6			
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Farmyard Manure (14 tons)		Tons. cwts.	Tons. cwts.	Tons. cwts.	Tons. cwts.	Tons. cwts.	Tons. cwts.	Tons. cwts.	Tons. cwts.	Tons. cwts			
		THIRD	Season,	1878.										
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Farmyard Manure (14 tons)	Tons. cwts.	Tons. cwts.	Tons. cwts.	Tons. cwts.	Tons. cwts.	Tons. cwts.	Tons. cwts.	Tons. cwts.	Tons. cwts.	Tons. cwt			
FOURTH SEASON, 1879.														
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Farmyard Manure (14 tons)	Tons. cwts.	Tons. cwts.	Tons. cwts.	Tons. cwts.	Tons. cwts.	Tons, cwts.	Tons. cwts.	Tons. cwts.	Tons, cwts.	Tons. cwf			
		Fifth	i Season,	1880.	4			*						
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Farmyard Manure (14 tons)		Tons. cwts.	Tons. cwts.	Tons. cwts.	Tons. cwts.	Tons, cwts.	Tons. cwis.	Tons. cwts.	Tons. cwts.	Tons. cwt			
-	 (1) "Superphosphate of Lime "—in all cases made fro (2) "Ammonia-saits"—in each case equal parts Subpl (3) Piot 9 sown on the flat instead of on ridges; plant 	m 200 lbs. Bo nate and Muris s ridged up af	ne-ash, 150 lh ate of Ammon terwards; rou	s. Sulphuric a ia of Commer vs 22 inches a	' cid, sp. gr.; 1 ce. part, plants 1	II I•7 (and wate 0 inches apart	r). in the rows.	900 E + 						
		a r									114			

(13)

EXPERIMENTS ON POTATOES.-HOOS FIELD; commencing 1876.

The Land had been under experiments with Wheat, differently manured, from 1856 to 1874; and was fallowed in 1875. Plots 1, 2, 3, and 4 had been unmanured for the Wheat. Plots 5 and 6 had received the same quantity of Ammonia-salts alone every year for the Wheat, as Plot 5 now receives for potatoes: Plot 6 now receiving the same amount of nitrogen, but as Nitrate of Soda, instead of Ammonia-salts. Plots 7 and 8 received the same amount of complex mineral manure, and Ammonia-salts, for the Wheat, as Plot 7 now receives for potatoes; and Plot 8 now receives the same complex mineral manures, and the same amount of nitrogen, but as Nitrate of Soda instead of Ammonia-salts. Plots 9 and 10 received the same complex mineral manures alone for the Wheat as Plot 10 now receives for potatoes; Plot 9 now receives superphosphate only (°).

				DUCE PER 1	ACRE.	1
PLOTS.	Manures per Acre per Annum.		Tu	bers.	0	Tops.
	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Good,	Small,	Diseased.	TOTAL.	-
- 1	FIRST SEASON, 1876.		_	_		
$ \begin{array}{c} 1\\ 2\\ 3\\ 4\\ 5\\ 6\\ 7\\ 8\\ 9\\ 10\\ \end{array} $	Unmanured Farmyard Manure (14 tons) Farmyard Manure (14 tons), and 3½ owts. Superphosphate (1) Farmyard Manure (14 tons), 3½ owts. Superphosphate, and 550 lbs. Nitrate of Soda 400 lbs. Ammonia-salts (2) 550 lbs. Nitrate of Soda 400 lbs. Ammonia-salts, 3½ owts. Superphos., 300 lbs. Sulph. Potass, 100 lbs. Sulph. Soda, 100 lbs. Sulph. Mag. 550 lbs. Nitrate of Soda, 3½ owts. Superphos., 300 lbs. Sulph. Potass, 100 lbs. Sulph. Soda, 100 lbs. Sulph. Mag. 550 lbs. Nitrate of Soda, 3½ owts. Superphos., 300 lbs. Sulph. Potass, 100 lbs. Sulph. Soda, 100 lbs. Sulph. Mag. 3½ owts. Superphosphate 3½ owts. Superphosphate, 300 lbs. Sulphate Potass, 100 lbs. Sulphate Soda, and 100 lbs. Sulphate Magnesia	$\begin{array}{cccc} {\rm Tons.\ ewts.} & 3 & 6\frac{1}{4} \\ {\rm 3} & 18\frac{1}{4} \\ {\rm 4} & 14\frac{3}{4} \\ {\rm 2} & 5\frac{1}{4} \\ {\rm 3} & 2 \\ {\rm 6} & 12\frac{1}{2} \\ {\rm 6} & 17\frac{1}{4} \\ {\rm 4} & 18\frac{3}{4} \\ {\rm 5} & 3\frac{6}{4} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccc} {\rm Tons.\ cwts.} & 0 & 5_4^1 \\ 0 & 4 \\ 0 & 6_3^2 \\ 0 & 5_3^{5_4^2} \\ 0 & 0 & 5_3^{5_4^2} \\ 0 & 0 & 9_2^1 \\ 0 & 10 \\ 0 & 8_2^1 \\ 0 & 6_4^2 \\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccc} {\rm Tons.} \ {\rm cwts.} \\ 0 & 5{8 \over 4} \\ 0 & 5{1 \over 4} \\ 0 & 19{1 \over 2} \\ 0 & 6 \\ 0 & 9{7 \over 5} \\ 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 8{1 \over 4} \\ 0 & 13{3 \over 4} \\ 0 & 13{5 \over 4} \\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Tons, cwts,} \\ 3 & 17\frac{1}{4} \\ 4 & 5\frac{1}{4} \\ 5 & 6\frac{3}{4} \\ 6 & 14\frac{1}{4} \\ 2 & 18 \\ 3 & 17\frac{5}{8} \\ 8 & 2 \\ 8 & 157 \\ 6 & 1 \\ 6 & 3\frac{5}{8} \end{array}$	Tons. ewe Witheren not weighed spread on the land, and ploughe in.
	Second Season, 1877.		2	-		-
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	Unmanured Farmyard Manure (14 tons) Farmyard Manure (14 tons), and 3½ cwts. Superphosphate (¹) Farmyard Manure (14 tons), 3½ cwts. Superphosphate, and 550 lbs. Nitrate of Soda 400 lbs. Ammonia-salts (²) 550 lbs. Nitrate of Soda 400 lbs. Ammonia-salts, 3½ cwts. Superphos., 300 lbs. Sulph. Potass, 100 lbs. Sulph. Soda, 100 lbs. Sulph. Mag. 550 lbs. Nitrate of Soda, 3½ cwts. Superphos., 300 lbs. Sulph. Potass, 100 lbs. Sulph. Soda, 100 lbs. Sulph. Mag. 550 lbs. Nitrate of Soda, 3½ cwts. Superphos., 300 lbs. Sulph. Potass, 100 lbs. Sulph. Soda, 100 lbs. Sulph. Mag. 3½ cwts. Superphosphate, 300 lbs. Sulphate Potass, 100 lbs. Sulphate Soda, and 100 lbs. Sulphate Magnesia 3½ cwts. Superphosphate, 300 lbs. Sulphate Potass, 100 lbs. Sulphate Soda, and 100 lbs. Sulphate Magnesia	Tons. cwts.	Tons. cwts.	Tons. cwts.	Tons, cwts.	Tons. ewt
	THIRD SEASON, 1878.				21 8	
5 6 7 8	Unmanured Farmyard Manure (14 tons) Farmyard Manure (14 tons), and 3½ owts. Superphosphate (¹) Farmyard Manure (14 tons), 3½ owts. Superphosphate, and 550 lbs. Nitrate of Soda 400 lbs. Ammonia-salts (²). 550 lbs. Nitrate of Soda 400 lbs. Ammonia-salts, 3½ owts. Superphos., 300 lbs. Sulph. Potass, 100 lbs. Sulph. Soda, 100 lbs. Sulph. Mag. 550 lbs. Nitrate of Soda, 3½ owts. Superphos., 300 lbs. Sulph. Potass, 100 lbs. Sulph. Soda, 100 lbs. Sulph. Mag. 550 lbs. Nitrate of Soda, 3½ owts. Superphos., 300 lbs. Sulph. Potass, 100 lbs. Sulph. Soda, 100 lbs. Sulph. Mag. 3½ owts. Superphosphate 3½ owts. Superphosphate, 300 lbs. Sulphate Potass, 100 lbs. Sulphate Soda, and 100 lbs. Sulphate Magnesia	Tons. cwis.	Tons, cwis.	Tons. cwts.	Tons. cwts.	Tons. cwf
	FOURTH SEASON, 1879.	1. n - 1				
5 6 7 8	Unmanured Farmyard Manure (14 tons) Farmyard Manure (14 tons), and 3½ owts. Superphosphate (¹) Farmyard Manure (14 tons), 3½ owts. Superphosphate, and 550 lbs. Nitrate of Soda 400 lbs. Ammonia-salts (²) 550 lbs. Nitrate of Soda 400 lbs. Ammonia-salts, 3½ owts. Superphos., 300 lbs. Sulph. Potass, 100 lbs. Sulph. Soda, 100 lbs. Sulph. Mag. 550 lbs. Nitrate of Soda 550 lbs. Nitrate of Soda, 3½ owts. Superphos., 300 lbs. Sulph. Potass, 100 lbs. Sulph. Soda, 100 lbs. Sulph. Mag. 550 lbs. Nitrate of Soda, 3½ owts. Superphos, 300 lbs. Sulph. Potass, 100 lbs. Sulph. Soda, 100 lbs. Sulph. Mag. 3½ owts. Superphosphate 3½ owts. Superphosphate, 300 lbs. Sulphate Potass, 100 lbs. Sulphate Soda, and 100 lbs. Sulphate Magnesia	Tons, cwts.	Tons. cwts.	Tons. cwts.	Tons. cwts.	Tons. cwt
	FIFTH SEASON, 1880.					
4 5 6 7 8 9	Unmanured Farmyard Manure (14 tons), and 3½ owts. Superphosphate (*) Farmyard Manure (14 tons), ad 3½ owts. Superphosphate, and 550 lbs. Nitrate of Soda 400 lbs. Ammonia-salts (*) 550 lbs. Nitrate of Soda 400 lbs. Ammonia-salts, 3½ owts. Superphos., 300 lbs. Sulph. Potass, 100 lbs. Sulph. Soda, 100 lbs. Sulph. Mag. 550 lbs. Nitrate of Soda 400 lbs. Ammonia-salts, 3½ owts. Superphos., 300 lbs. Sulph. Potass, 100 lbs. Sulph. Soda, 100 lbs. Sulph. Mag. 550 lbs. Nitrate of Soda 550 lbs. Nitrate of Soda 550 lbs. Nitrate of Soda 550 lbs. Nitrate of Soda 3½ owts. Superphosphate 3½ owts. Superphosphate 3½ owts. Superphosphate	Tons. cwts.	Tons. cwts.	Tons. cwts.	Tons. cwts.	Tons. cwt:
(1) " (2) " (3) T	Superphosphate of Lime"—in all cases made from 200 lbs. Bone-ash, 150 lbs. Suphuric acid, sp. gr. 1*7 (and water). Ammonia-saits"—in each case equal parts Sulphate and Muriate Ammonia of Commerce. he complex mineral manure having been sown in October, 1874, but the Wheat not put in, and therefore no crop taken in 1875, no min potatoes, 1876.	ietal manures e	are sown afresi	1 on Plots 7, 8,	9, and 10, for t	he first crop

(14)

AGDELL FIELD.

EXPERIMENTS ON AN ACTUAL COURSE OF ROTATION-TURNIPS, BARLEY, LEGUMINOUS CROP (OR FALLOW), AND WHEAT.

These Experiments were commenced in 1848; so that the present crop (1877) is the 30th experimental one, or the second crop of the Eighth Course. One-third of the land has been continuously unmanured; one-third manured with Superphosphate of Lime alone once every four years, that is for the turnip-crop commencing each course; and one-third manured (also for the turnip-crop only) with a complex manure, as described in the footnote, No. 2.

the foot-note, No. 2. In the Second, Third, and Fourth Courses, clover was sown, but failed; and in them, and in the Fifth and Sixth Courses, beans were taken instead, on half of each plot, and the other half left fallow; for the third crop of the Seventh Course clover was again sown (spring 1873), on half of each plot, the other half being left fallow. From half of each of the three plots the whole turnip-crop (roots and leaves) was removed; and on the other half the roots were eaten on the land by sheep, and the uneaten leaves spread and ploughed in. In the case of all the other crops, the total produce was removed from the land. The abstract of the results given below relates to the portions of each plot from which the turnip-crops were entirely removed; and on which, in the second, third, fourth, fifth, and sixth courses, beans (not fallow) replaced the clover.

-1

(Area under experiment, about 21 acres.)

	1 cwt. (hundredwei		. ,	125-5 Kilogra	-	DUCE PER ACRI	_				
Years.	Description of Crop.	Unm	PLOT 1. anured contínuo	usly.		PLOT 2. nosphate of Lime te Turnip Crops		Comp	PLOT 3. lex Manure, ² for Curnip Crops only	the y.	
		Corn 3 (or Roots).	Straw (or Leaf).	Total Produce.4	Corn ³ (or Roots).	Straw (or Leaf).	Total Produce.4	Corn ³ (or Roots).	Straw (or Leaf).	Total Produce.4	
	1		N.	1st Cour	se, 1848-51.						
1848 1849 1850 1851	Norfolk White Turnips Barley. Clover (calc ^d , as hay) Wheat.	654 cwts. 447 bush. 284 bush.	45% cwts. 2983 lbs. 3431 lbs.	1111 ewts. 5656 lbs. 54 ewts. 5389 lbs.	2254 cwts. 293 bush. 28 bush.	106‡ cwts. 2111 lbs. 3371 lbs.	332 cwts. 3841 lbs. 574 cwts. 5253 lbs.	218 cwta. 28 ⁷ / ₈ bush. 28 ⁷ / ₈ bush.	- 1512 cwts. 2088 lbs. 3552 lbs.	3694 cw 3794 lbs 63 cw 5500 lbs	
				2nd Cour	se, 1852-55					-	
1852 1853 1854 1855	Swedish Turnips. Barley Beans Wheat	26 cwts. 343 bush. 53 bush. 354 bush.	41 cwts. 2430 lbs. 1055 lbs. 3619 lbs.	304 cwts. 4465 lbs. 1445 lbs. 5859 lbs.	223‡ cwts. 28§ bush. 55 bush. 351 bush.	204 cwts. 1873 Ibs. 1103 Ibs. 3525 Ibs.	2434 cwts. 3560 lbs. 1534 lbs. 5789 lbs.	396 <u>+</u> cwts. 38½ bush. 9% bush. 37% bush.	364 cwts. 2604 lbs. 1355 lbs. 3942 lbs.	433 cwt 4873 lbs. 2065 lbs. 6371 lbs.	
				3rd Cour	RSE, 1856-59						
1856 1857 1858 1859	Swedish Turnips Barley Beans Wheat	32 cwts. 48½ bush. 6½ bush. 35% bush.	21 cwts. 2600 lbs. 1100 lbs. 4030 lbs.	34½ cwts. 5337 lbs. 1515 lbs. 6262 lbs.	136 cwts. 28½ bush. 6½ bush. 34¾ bush.	71 cwts. 1475 lbs. 1155 lbs. 3930 lbs.	143 ¹ / ₂ cwts. 3076 lbs. 1605 lbs. 6120 lbs.	3334 ewts. 48 bush. 12# bush. 39# bush.	12 1 cwts. 2435 lbs. 1520 lbs. 4610 lbs.	3464 cwts 5163 Ibs 2357 Ibs 7154 Ibs	
1859 Wheat											
1860 1861 1862 1863	Swedish Turnips Barley Beans Wheat	1 cwt. 38§ bush. 29 bush. 4478 bush.	(6‡ Ibs.) 2522 Ibs. 1840 Ibs. 3467 Ibs.	1 cwt. 4718 lbs. 3661 lbs. 6350 lbs.	294 cwts. 304 bush. 295 bush. 345 bush.	1½ cwt. 2000 lbs, 2150 lbs. 3390 lbs.	304 cwts. 3775 lbs. 4040 lbs. 5619 lbs.	871 cwts. 604 bush. 438 bush. 461 bush.	34 cwts. 3940 Ibs. 3280 Ibs. 4697 Ibs.	904 cw 7391 lbs 5990 lbs 7626 lbs	
1000				5тн Сол	RSE, 1864-67						
1964 1865 1866 1867	Swedish Turnips Barley Beans Wheat	84 cwts. 39 bush. 104 bush. 21 bush.	0% cwt. 2154 lbs. 1013 lbs. 2143 lbs.	91 cwts. 4182 lbs. 1699 lbs. 3473 lbs.	68 cwts. 334 bush. 78 bush. 194 bush.	4ª cwts. 1615 lbs. 978 lbs. 1966 lbs.	724 cwts. 3394 lbs. 1463 lbs. 3222 lbs.	1764 cwts. 475 bush. 207 bush. 234 bush.	84 cwts. 2595 lbs. 1990 lbs. 3003 lbs.	185 cw 5148 lbs 3343 lbs 4567 lbs	
				бтн Сот	rse, 1868-7	1.					
1868 1869 1870 1871	Swedish Turnips Barley Beans Wheat	Faile 244 bush. 138 bush. 208 bush.	d, and ploughed 1948 lbs. 738 lbs. 2799 lbs.	up. 3358 lbs. 1591 lbs. 4092 lbs.	Faile 28% bush. 15% bush. 23% bush.	ed, and ploughed 2025 lbs. 768 lbs. 3048 lbs.	up. 3686 Ibs. 1778 Ibs. 4521 Ibs.	Fail 425 bush. 248 bush. 23 bush.	ed, and ploughed 3309 lbs. 1056 lbs. 3440 lbs.	up. 5800 lb 2664 lb 4883 lb	
				'7th Coul	RSE, 1872-78	5.				1	
1872 1873 1874 1875	Swedish Turnips Barley Clover Wheat	341 cwts. 232 bush. 214 bush.	84 cwts. 1343 lbs. 2430 lbs.	423 cwts. 2717 lbs. 314 cwts. 3784 lbs.	1704 cwts. 204 bush. 284 bush.	173 cwts. 1565 lbs. 3536 lbs.	188 cwts. 2875 lbs. 523 cwts. 5328 lbs.	3393 cwts. 31% bush. 315 bush.	354 cwts. 1723 lbs. 4685 lbs.	375§ cw 3573 lb: 84½ cw 6699 lb:	
		-		8тн Сот	RSE, 1876-7	9.					
1876 1877 1878 1879	Swedish Turnips Barley	174 cwts.	5 cwts.	224 cwts.	188 1 cwts.	28 1 cwts.	2164 cwts.	356 cwts.	55≩ cwts.	4114 cwt	
_		Su	MMARY-AV	ERAGE OF TH	ie First 7 C	ourses, 1848	3-1875.				
848, '52, '56, '60, '64, '72' 1849, '53, '57, '61, '65, '69, '73 1850, '54 '58, '62, '66,' 70,'74 1851, '55, '59, '63, '67, '71, '75	Clover, 1850 and '74 (calc ^d , as hay)	275 cwts. 364 bush.	10# cwts. 2233 lbs. 1149 lbs. 3131 lbs.	384 cwts. 4343 lbs. 425 cwts. 1980 lbs. 5030 lbs.	1421 cwts. 282 bush. 13 bush. 291 bush.	26½ cwts. 1809 lbs. 1231 lbs. 3252 lbs.	168§ cwts. 3458 lbs. 55 cwts. 2084 lbs. 5122 lbs.	258\$ cwts. 42\$ bush. 22\$ bush. 33 bush.	41 s cwts. 2671 lbs. 1840 lbs. 3990 lbs.	300 cv 5107 lb 73§cv 3294 lb 6114 lb	
(1) First C Course-160 lb: Courses-200 l' (2) First C Sulphate of A	Nourse—100 lbs. Bone-ash, s. Bone-ash, 120 lbs. Sulphi bs. Bone-ash, and 150 lbs. S ourse—100 lbs. Pearl-ash, nmmonia, 100 lbs. Muriate s. Sulphate of Potass, 100 l ush, 120 lbs. Sulpharic Aci	aric Acid; Third alphuric Acid, p 100 lbs. Bone-ash e of Ammonia, bs. Sulphate of S	, Fourth, Fifth, 3 er acre. 1, 100 lbs. Sulph and 1000 lbs. H ioda, 100 lbs. Sul	Sixth, and Seven nuric Acid, 100 I Rape-Cake; Seco Iphate of Magnes	th 300 lbs. Su Bone-ash, os. Ammonia, ad (3) Th ia, (4) T	Iphate of Potass 150 lbs. Sulphu and 2000 lbs. R	Rape-cake; Th , 200 lbs. Sulphat ric Acid, 100 lb ape-cake, per acro n in Bushels repr ce" of the Corn-c	ce of Soda, 100 B os. Sulphate of c. esent the Dresses	Ammonia, 100 Corn only.	lagnesia, 200 lbs. Muriat	

	Average.	Ibs.	61	584	$60\frac{2}{4}$.61 <u>§</u>	$60\frac{3}{4}$	19	$62\frac{3}{4}$	614	63 <u>7</u>	612	613	618	62g	613	1 60g	59 ⁸	$62\frac{1}{4}$	265	603	62	613	614	62 <u>}</u>	553	
	1876; Harpenden Field; 2 owts. Nitrate Soda; Jongolds (with Dung) 1875, carted off.	Ibs.	63	59 ²	62	63 <u></u>	62 4	63	643	$62\frac{8}{4}$	99	63	63§	633	643	$63\frac{3}{4}$	636	623	64 ⁶	63 <u>8</u>	63 <mark>8</mark>	654	63	634	:	:	
	1875; Little Knott Wood Field; UA out. Nitrate Soda; after Mangolds (with Dung), 1874, carted off.	Ibs.	61	58 ¹ / ₈	594	60 1	59g	603	615	60 <u>4</u>	62	60 ³	572	29 ²	614	613	60 3	58 ¹	614	593	60	613	60 ²	613	62_8^1	55 <u>*</u>	
WEIGHT PER BUSHEL.	1874; Upper Harpenden Frield; 2 cwk. Nitrate After Mangolds (with Dung) carted off.	lbs.	61§	58 <mark>8</mark>	611	611	614	62‡	633	615	€5≵	63	624	63	63	$62\frac{1}{4}$	61 ¹ ₈	603	$62\frac{3}{4}$	592	603	621	62	613		:	
WEIGHI	1873; Long Hoos Field, Igewt. Nitrate; after Mangolds (with Durg), carted off.	Ibs.	581	578	59 ¹ 8	603	593	60	612	\$09	62	60 <u>4</u>	61 <u>4</u>	593	594	$59\frac{2}{4}$	$57\frac{1}{4}$	56 <mark>8</mark>	59 4	562	584	59 <u>3</u>	57 <u>4</u>	584	: :		
	1872; Foster's Field; 2 cwts. Super- phosphate; 2 cwts. Nitrate Soda, affer Roofs, carted off.	Ibs.	: 4		613	62‡	613	607	63	612	65	$61\frac{1}{4}$	62 ¹ / ₈	61 <u></u>	63	628	$61\frac{8}{4}$	60	63	:	61≵	623	623	61%	•		
	1871: Sawpit Field; 3 cwts, Guano; atter Mangolds, carted off.	lbs.	:	: :	601	615	60	59	-62	607	63	603	614	:	613	19	594	585	624	60 <u>1</u>	603	615	613	603	:	:	
	Average.	Bushels.	468	511	88g	385	$40\frac{1}{2}$	404	385	40_{8}^{1}	378	39g	$40\frac{1}{8}$	432	$45\frac{1}{4}$	393	363	354	$34\frac{7}{8}$	42_{8}^{7}	41	40	$42\frac{1}{2}$	47_{8}^{1}	35	28	
	1876; Harpenden Field ; 2 ewts. Mirrate Sola ; after Margolds (with Dung) 1875, carted off.	Bushels.	492	425	40	$-43\frac{3}{4}$	39 1	44&	388	42 8	373	422	468	44	488	414	432	40 ¹ / ₈	373	40	455	388	41 ³	475	: :	•	
E.	1875; Little Knott Wood Field; Vood Field; Soda; after Mangold a (with Dung), 1874, curted off.	Bushole	40 4	483	384	342	383	334	38 <u>1</u>	31§	39	$34\frac{7}{8}$	36	337	38 <u>1</u>	333	263	26	32 ³ .	373	39	383	437	46 8	35	28	
CORN PER ACRE	1874; Upper Hurpenden Field, 2 ewts. Nitrate after Mangolds (with Dung) earted off.	Buchale	551 551	67	50 1	483	511	55 <mark>8</mark>	$47\frac{1}{4}$	538	41_{8}^{1}	53 ¹	514	49 ⁶	$51\frac{3}{4}$	$44\frac{1}{4}$	458	43_{8}^{5}	42	53%	52 ₈	528	48 ¹ / ₈	598		:	
DRESSED CORN	1873; Long Hoos Long Hoos Field; I Å over Nitrate; Mangolds (with Dung), carted off.		Bushels. 405	481	9078 978	35 <u>1</u>	30	37 <u>1</u>	351	39 <u>1</u>	271	$34_{ m B}^1$	37	42	442	381	385	363	318	464	371	381	454	473	: :	:	the second second
	1872 ; Foster's Field; 2 cwts. Super- phosphate, 2 cwts. Nitrate Soda ; after Roots, erated off.		Bushels.		0	37	403	432	414	443	454	433	423	463	493	453	393	354	384	:	42 ¹	391	428	453		:	
	1871 ; Sawpit Field ; 3 cwts. Guano ; Mangolds, carted off.		Bushels.		283	322	351	314	314	293	341	303	314	. :	394	332	267	30	267	37	297	333	335	36		:	
	808800 1877. SAWFT FUELD. 13 CWt. Nitrate Soda; after Mangolds with Dung 1876, Carted off.		1 White-chaff (Red)						Red Lammas)		y	10. Red Langham	hite)	: :	13. Golden Dron (Red), Hallett's	14. Victoria White. Hallett's	15 Hunter's White. Hallett's	16. Orizinal Red. Hallett's	17. White Chiddam	18. Red Restock	19. Casev's White		21. Bole's Prolific (Red)	22. Club Wheat (Red)	23. Stimson's White		

(16)

ROTHAMSTED

×

MAY'

SUMMARY STATEMENT OF THE PRESENT AND PREVIOU

Name of						1		1	PREVIOUS CROPPING
Field.	Acres.	1864.	1865.	1866.	1867.	1868.	1869.	1870.	1871.
hirty Acres	30{	Oats, 2 cwts. Guano, 1 cwt. Corn Manure.	Oats, 1 cwt. Guano, 3 cwts. Corn Manure.	Tares and Swedes, Dung and Artificial.	Oats, after Sheep-Folding.	Clover.	Wheat, 2 cwts. Guano.	Oats, 2 cwts. Guano.	Barley, 2 cwts. superphos., 2 cwts. Nitrate Soda.
pper Har-}	14.{	Wheat, 1½ cwt. Guano, 1½ cwt. Corn Manure.	Oats, 1 cwt. Guano, 2 cwts. Corn Manure.	Oats, 2 cwis. Guano, 1 cwt. Sulph. Ammonia.	Tares, Dung. Swedes, Artificial.	Wheat, \$ths. 2½ cwts. Guano, \$th. Sheep-folded.	Oats, 2 cwts, Guano, 1 cwt. dried Blood, 1 cwt. Sulph. Ammonia.	Swedes, Dung and superphosphate.	Wheat, 2 cwts. Guano,
arpenden	22	Mangolds and Turnips, Dung and Artificial.	Wheat, Sheep-Folded.	Red Clover (peren.), Unmanured.	Wheat, 2½ cwts. Guano.	Oats, ³ rds {2 owts. Guano, & (1 owt. Nitr. Soda, ¹ rd {1 owt. Nitr. Soda, and Sheep-folded.	Dung and various	Wheat, 3 cwts. Guano.	Oats, 3 cwts. Guano, 1 cwt. Nitrate Soda. Tares, Dung.
ttle Hoos	9{	Red Clover.	Wheat, 1½ cwt. Guano, 1 cwt. Nitrate Soda, 1 cwt. Corn Manure.	Mangolds, Dung and Artificial.	Wheat, Unmanured.	Oats, 2 cwts. Guano, 1 cwt. Nitrate of Soda.	Barley, 1 cwt. dried Blood, 1 cwt. Sulph. Ammonia, 1 cwt. superphosphate.	Barley, 2 ¹ / ₂ cwts. Guano.	Barley, 3 cwts. superphos., 2 ¹ / ₂ cwts. Nitrate Soda
sters' ··	18{	Swedes, Dung and Artificial.	Oats, 1 cwt. Guano, 1 cwt. Corn Manure.	Red Clover, Unmanured.	Wheat, 2 cwts. Guano, ½ cwt. Corn Manure.	Oats, 2 cwts. Guano, 1 cwt. Nitrate of Soda.	Barley, 1 cwt. dried Blood, 2 cwt. Sulph. Ammonia, 1 cwt. superphosphate.	Oats, 2 cwts. Guano, 3 cwts. Blood Manure.	Roots, Tares, and Rape, Dung and Artificial.
10tt Wood	30{	Red Clover (peren.).	Wheat, Sheep-Folded, 1 cwt. Guano.	Oats, 2 cwts. Guano, 1 cwt. Sulph. Ammonia.	Oats, 2 cwts. Guano, 1 cwt. Sulph. Ammonia.	Swedes, 2 cwts. Guano, 2 ¹ / ₂ cwts. superphosphate and Dung.	Wheat, 3 cwts. Guano (one-half), Unmanured (one-half), after Swedes ploughed up and Fallowed.	Oats, 3 cwts. Guano.	Oats, 3 cwts. Guano, 1 cwt. Nitrate Soda.
ttle Knott } Wood }	14	Wheat, Unmanured.	Red Clover (peren.), Unmanured.	Red Clover (peren.), Sheep-Folded.	Wheat, 1 ewt. Guano, 1 cwt. Corn Manure.	Oats, 2 cwts. Guano, 1 cwt. Nitrate Soda.	Mangolds, 12 tons Dung, 3 cwts. Guano.	Wheat, 3 cwts. Guano.	Oats, 3 cwts. Guano, 1 cwt. Nitrate Soda.
wpit	14	Barley, 1½ cwt. Guano, ½ cwt. superphos., 1 cwt. Corn Manure.	Mangolds and Turnips, Dung and Artificial.	Wheat, Unmanured.	Red Clover, Unmanured.	Wheat, 1 cwt. Guano, 1 cwt. Wheat Manure.	Wheat, 3 cwts. Guano.	Mangolds, Dung and 3 cwts. Guano.	Wheat, 3 cwts. Guano.
ck-yard	8{	Wheat, Sheep-Folded, and 3 cwts. Guano.	Barley, 2 cwts. Guano, 1½ cwt. Corn Manure.	Red Clover, Sheep-Folded.	Wheat, Guano.	Barley, 2 cwts. Wheat Manure.	Tares, Dung.	Barley, 1 cwt. Guano.	Mangolds, Dung and 4 cwts. Cotton Cake,
Acres	6	Wheat, Unmanured.	Red Clover, Unmanured,	Wheat, 2 cwts. Guano, 2 cwts. Corn Manure.	Oats, 3 cwts. Guano.	Beans, Dung.	Wheat, 2 cwts. Guano, 1 cwt. Nitrate of Soda.	Barley, 2½ cwts. Guano.	Barley, 3 cwts. superphos., 2 ¹ / ₂ cwts. Nitrate Soda
ay-Croft	12{	Wheat, 2 cwts. Guano, 2 cwts. Corn Manure.	Oats, 2 cwts. Guano, 2 cwts. Corn Manure.	Oats, 2 cwts. Guano, 1 cwt. Sulph. Ammonia.	Beans, Dung.	Wheat, 2 cwts. Guano.	Cats, 2 cwts. Guano, 1 cwt. dried Blood, <u>1</u> cwt. Sulph, Ammonia.	Turnips, Dung and 3 cwts. super- phosphate.	Wheat, Unmanured.
n Acres	10{	Oats, 2 cwts. Guano, 1 cwt. Dried Blood.	Tares, Dung.	Turnips, Artificial.	Wheat, Guano.	Red Clover.	Wheat, 2 ewis. Guano.	Oats, 3 cwts. Guano.	Mangolds, Dung and 4 ewts. Cotton Cake.
gdell	9{	Barley, 1½ cwt. Guano, ½ cwt. superphos., 1 cwt. Corn Manure.	Red Clover, Unmanured.	Wheat, 1½ cwt. Guano, 1½ cwt. Corn Manure,	Oats, 2 cwts. Guano.	Tares, Dung.	Barley, Unmanured.	Barley, 1½ cwt. Guano, 1½ cwt. super- phosphate,	Mangolds, Dung and 4 cwts. Cotton Cake.
ng Hoos	25{	<mark>Swedes,</mark> Dung and Artificial.	Barley, 1 cwt. Guano, 1 cwt. Com Manure.	Barley, 1½ ewt. Guano, 1 ewt. Corn Manure.	Mangolds and Swedes, 15 tons Dung, 3 cwts. Guano.	Wheat, 1 cwt. Guano.	Oats, 2 cwts. Guano, 1 cwt. dried Blood, 2 cwt. Sulph. Ammonia.	Sainfoin, Unmanured.	Sainfoin, Unmanured. (Steam cultivated, July.)
wyers'	25	Barley, 1 cwt. Guano, 1 cwt. Corn Manure.	Swedes, Dung and Artificial.	Wheat and Barley, Sheep-Folded.	Red Clover, Unmanured.	Wheat, 3 cwts. Guano.	Fallow.	Wheat, 4 cwts. Guano.	Wheat, 4 cwts. Guano. 1 cwt. Nitrate Soda.
est Barn	32{	Oats, 1½ cwt. Guano, 1½ cwt. Corn Manure.	Red Clover (peren.), Sheep-Folded.	11	Barley, 1 cwt. Blood Manure, 1 cwt. superphosphate, 1 cwt. Sulph. Ammonia.	Fallow.	Wheat, 3 cwts. Guano,	Sainfoin, Unmanured.	Sainfoin, Unmanured.

(17)

FARM.

1877.

CROPPING, &C., OF THE ARABLE LAND NOT UNDER EXPERIMENT.

inclusive.)

AND MANURING.					Crops, &c., Present Season,	Acres.	Name of Field.		
	1872.	1873.	1874.	1875.	1876.	1876-77.			
	Barley, 2½ cwts. superphosphate, 2½ cwts. Nitrate Soda, (2½ acres experiment).	Barley (‡ with Grass-seeds). 2 cwts. superphosphate, 2 cwts. Nitrate Soda.	Grass (‡), Folded, and 1 cwt. Nitrate. Barley (‡), 2 cwts. superphosphate, 2½ cwts. Nitrate Soda.	Grass (³ / ₂), Sheep-folded. Tares (¹ / ₂) Dung.	Grass (³ / ₄), Compost. Wheat (³ / ₄), 1 cwt. Nitrate Soda.	Grass (2), Cattle Grazed. Barley (2), 24 cwts. superphosphate, 24 cwts. Nitrate Soda.	30	Thirty Acres	
	Oats, 2½ cwts. superphosphate, 2½ cwts. Nitrate Soda.	Mangolds, Dung. (Carted off.)	Wheat (10 acres Varieties). 2 owts. Nitrate Soda.	Barley, (1) 3 cwts. Guano, (1) 2 cwts. superphosphate, 21 cwts. Nitrate Soda.	Barley (with grass seeds), 21 owts. superphosphate, 21 owts. Nitrate Soda.	Grass.	}14	Upper Har- penden.	
	Oats, 2½ cwts. superphosphate, 2½ cwts. Nitrate Soda. Tares, Dung.	Barley, After Oats—2 ewts. super- phosphate; 2 cwts. Nitrate. After Tares—1 cwt. super- phosphate; 1 cwt. Nitrate.	Barley, 2 cwts. superphosphate, 2 cwts. Nitrate Soda.	Mangolds, Dung, and 2 ewis. Guano. (Carted off.)	Wheat (Varieties), 2 cwts. Nitrate Soda.	Barley, 21 owts. superphosphate, 21 owts. Nitrate Soda.	22	Harpenden.	
	Barley (with Clover). 2 ¹ / ₂ cwts. superphosphate, 2 ¹ / ₂ cwts. Nitrate Soda.	Barley (2), Unmanured. Clover (2), Unmanured.	Barley, 2 cwts. superphosphate, 2 cwts. Nitrate Soda (1 acre Unmanured).	Barley, where Barley 1873, 2 cwts. superphosphate, 2 cwts. Nitrate of Soda. where Clover 1873, Half quantities.	Barley, 2½ cwts. superphosphate, 2½ cwts. Nitrate Soda (½ with Clover).	Barley, 2 ¹ / ₂ cwts. superphosphate, 2 ¹ / ₂ cwts. Nitrate Soda (¹ / ₂ with Clover).	} 9	Little Hoos.	
	Wheat, ¹ Varieties of Wheat, ² cwts. superphosphate, ² cwts. Nitrate Soda, ³ Sheep-folded.	Barley, 2 cwts. superphosphate, 2 cwts. Nitrate Soda (2 acres experiment).	Barley, 2 cwts. superphosphate, 2 cwts. Nitrate Soda.	Barley, (1) 3 ¹ / ₂ ewts. Guano, (1) 2 ¹ / ₂ ewts. Guano, 2 ¹ / ₂ ewts. Superphosphate, 2 ¹ / ₂ ewts. Nitrate Soda, (1) 1 ¹ / ₂ ewts. Guano, 1 ¹ / ₂ Nitrate.	Barley, 2½ cwts. superphosphate, 2½ cwts. Nitrate Soda.	Swedes. Dung. Superphosphate, 2 cwt. Nitrate Soda.	18	Fosters'.	
	Oats, 2½ owts. superphosphate, 2½ owts. Nitrate Soda.	Tares (1), Dung, Swedes (1), Dung, 2 cwts. superphosph.; 2 cwts. Nitrate Soda.	Barley, After Roots and Tares carted, 2 cwts. superphosphate, 2 cwts. Nitrate Soda, After Tares fed, 1 cwt. each.	Barley, 21 cwis. superphosphate, 21 cwis. Nitrate Soda.	0ats, 2½ cwts. superphosphate, 3 cwts. Nitrate Soda.	Barley, 2½ cwts. superphosphate, 2½ cwts. Nitrate Soda.	30	Knott Wood.	
	Oats, 1 Sheep-folded. All, 21 cwts. superphos., 21 cwts. Nitrate Soda.	Barley, 2 cwts. superphosphate, 2 cwts. Nitrate Soda.	Mangolds, Ding. (Carted off.)	Wheat (Varieties), 1 ¹ / ₂ ewt. Nitrate Soda.	Oats, 2½ cwts. superphosphate, 3 cwts. Nitrate Soda.	Oats (with Clover), 2 ¹ / ₂ cwts. superphosphate, 2 ¹ / ₂ cwts. Nitrate Soda.	}14	Little Knott Wood.	
	Oats. 2 ¹ / ₂ cwts. superphosphate, 2 ¹ / ₂ cwts. Nitrate Soda.	Oats, 2 cwts. superphosphate, 2 cwts. Nitrate Soda.	Barley, 2 cwts. superphosphate, 2 cwts. Nitrate Soda.	Barley, 2½ cwts. superphosphate, 2½ cwts. Nitrate Soda.	Mangolds, 25 tons Dung. (Carted off.)	Wheat (Varieties), 1 [§] cwt. Nitrate Soda.	}14	Sawpit.	
	Wheat, Unmanured,	Barley, 2 cwts. superphosphate, 2 cwts. Nitrate Soda.	Tares, Dung. followed by Turnips, i cwt. superphosphate, 1 cwt. Nitrate Soda.	Barley, 1 cwt. Nitrate Soda.	Swedes, Dung, and Superphosphate.	Barley, 1 cwt. Nitrate Soda.	8	Rick-yard.	
	Barley, 21 ewts. superphosphate, 21 ewts. Nitrate Soda.	Barley, 2 cwts. superphosphate, 2 cwts. Nitrate Soda.	Barley, 2 cwts. superphosphate, 2½ cwts. Nitrate Soda.	Barley, 2 cwts. superphosphate, 2 ¹ / ₂ cwts. Nitrate Soda.	Barley, 2 ¹ / ₂ cwts. superphosphate, 2 ¹ / ₂ cwts. Nitrate Soda.	Barley (with Clover), 2 ¹ / ₂ cwts. superphosphate 2 ¹ / ₂ cwts. Nitrate Soda.	6	Six Acres.	
	Oats, 21 cwts. superphosphate, 21 cwts. Nitrate Soda.	Clover, Unmanured.	Wheat, 2 cwts. Nitrate Soda.	Oats, 2½ cwts. superphosphate, 2½ cwts. Nitrate Soda.	Oats, 2½ cwts. superphosphate, 2½ cwts. Nitrate Soda.	Fallow.	12	Clay-Croft.	- N
	Wheat, Unmanured.	Barley, 2 cwts. superphosphate, 2 cwts. Nitrate Soda (5 acres experiment).	Oats, 2 cwts. superphosphate, 2 ¹ / ₂ cwts. Nitrate Soda.	Oats, 2½ owts. superphosphate, 2½ owts. Nitrate Soda.	Fallow.	Wheat (with Clover), 2 owts. Nitrate Soda.	}10	Ten Acres.	i a
	Wheat, Unmanured (and part Roots).	Clover, Unmanured. Barley, Experiment.	Wheat, 1 cwt. Nitrate Soda (3 acres Experiment, ½ Clover, ½ Fallow).	Barley, 2 cwts. superphosphate, 2 cwts. Nitrate Soda. Wheat, 3 acres, Experiment.	Barley, 21 owts. superphosphate. 3 owts. Nitrate Soda. Swedes, 3 acres, Experiment.	Barley, 3 acres experiment.	9	Agdell.	1
	Mangolds, Dung. (Carted off.)	Wheat, (1 Varieties of Wheat), 11 cwt. Nitrate Soda.	Oats, 2 cwts. superphosphate, 2 cwts, Nitrate Soda.	Oats, 2½ cwts. superphosphate, 2½ cwts. Nitrate Soda.	Oats (² / ₃), 2 ¹ / ₂ cwts. superphosphate 3 cwts. Nitrate Soda. Tares (¹ / ₂), Dung.	Barley, 2 ¹ / ₂ ewts. superphosphate 2 ¹ / ₂ ewts. Nitrate Soda.	25	Long Hoos.	
	Barley, 2½ cwts. superphosphate, 2½ cwts. Nitrate Soda.	Oats, 2 cwts. superphosphate, 2 cwts. Nitrate Soda.	Mangolds and Swedes, Dung.	Barley after Swedes (2) 2 cwts. superphosphate, 2 cwts. Nitrate Soda. Wheat after Mangolds (2) 12 cwt. Nitrate Soda.	Barley (with Clover),	Barley (²), ² / ₂ cwts. superphosphate ² / ₂ cwts. Nitrate Soda. Tares (³ / ₂), Dung.	25	Sawyers'.	
	Sainfoin, Unmanured.	Oats, 2 cwts. superphosphate, 2 cwts. Nitrate Soda.	Wheat (Oats fed off 1873), 1 ¹ / ₂ cwt. Nitrate Soda.	Oats, 2 cwts. superphosphate, 2 cwts. Nitrate Soda.	Oats, 2 cwts, superphosphate (2) 1 ¹ / ₂ Nitrate Soda, (1) 2 ¹ / ₂ Nitrate Soda.	, Fallow.	32	West Barn.	